TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS LIST

FOR

LATHE, ENGINE, FLOOR MOUNTED: 19-INCH SWING MODELS 17E5 AND 19E7 (LEBLOND INC.) (NSN 3416-00-252-7094)

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OCTOBER 1980

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TECHNICAL MANUAL

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HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON, DC, 1 October 1980

OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS LIST FOR LATHE, ENGINE, FLOOR MOUNTED: 19-INCH SWING MODELS 17E5 AND 19E7 (NSN 3416-00-252-7094)

REPORTING ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve the procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2, located in the back of this manual direct to: Commander, US Army Armament Materiel Readiness Command, ATTN: DRSAR-MAS, Rock Island, IL 61299. A reply will be furnished directly to you.

NOTE

This manual is published for the purpose of identifying an authorized commercial manual for the use of the personnel to whom this lathe is issued.

Manufactured by: LeBlond Inc.

Madison and Edwards Roads Cincinnati, Ohio 45208

Procured under Contract No. DAAA09-76-C-6938

This technical manual is an authentication of the manufacturers' commercial literature and does not conform with the format and content specified in AR 310-3, Military Publications. This technical manual does, however, contain available information that is essential to the operation and maintenance of the equipment.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REQUISITIONING PARTS

NOT IDENTIFIED BY NSN

When requisitioning parts not identified by National Stock Number, it is mandatory that the following information be furnished the supply officer.

- 1 -Manufacturer's Federal Supply Code Number-
- 2 -Manufacturer's Part Number exactly as listed herein.
- 3 -Nomenclature exactly as listed herein, including dimensions, if necessary.
- 4 -Manufacturer's Model Number-17E5 and 19E7
- 5 -Manufacturer's Serial Number (End Item)
- 6 -Any other information such as Type, Frame Number, and Electrical Characteristics, if applicable.
- 7 -If DD Form 1348 is used, fill in all blocks except 4, 5, 6, and Remarks field in accordance with AR 725-50.

Complete Form as Follows:

- (a) In blocks 4, 5, 6, list manufacturer's Federal Supply Code Number-followed by a colon and manufacturer's Part Number for the repair part.
- (b) Complete Remarks field as follows:

Noun: (nomenclature of repair part)

For: NSN: 3416-00-252-7094

Manufacturer: LeBlond, Inc.

Model: 17E5 and 19E7 Serial: (of end item)

Any other pertinent information such as Frame Number,

Type. Dimensions, etc.

Never operate or place the machine under power with any guard or cover open or removed.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Follow these safety rules, and you will receive many years of safe and dependable service.

This machine should be operated and equipped in strict accordance with all local, state and federal safety regulations.

DON'T neglect your responsibility to see that this machine is operated, maintained, and equipped with total regard for operator safety. No one can be responsible for your neglect but you.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS IN OPERATING A LATHE

- Study this manual before attempting to run the machine.
- 2. Be alert for loose, worn, or broken parts. Report all of these items and any unusual noise or action of the machine to your supervisor.
- 3. Keep lathe properly maintained. Perform all maintenance in accordance with this manual.
- 4. Keep lathe clean. Keep the work areas of the lathe clear of piled up chips, rags, tools, gages, shims, etc.
- 5. Never wear loose clothing or jewelry which could become entangled in the machine or work piece.
- Never lay tools on the machine where they might interfere with the operation of the machine or where they might become entangled in the work, chuck or chips.
- Always check the tightness of the chuck mounting, the rigidity of the work piece mounting and all adjustments and clamps before starting the machine.
- 8. Be alert whenever operating the machine.
- 9. Never reach into the work area of the machine while the spindle is turning.... for any reason.
- 10. Never operate spindle mounted accessories above their rated speeds. If an accessory other than that specifically built for this model lathe is used, check with the manufacturer for its maximum safe operating speed.
- 11. Never reach across moving parts.

All materials and lifting devices should be of sufficient capacity to handle weight of machine. Refer to machine specifications for correct machine weight.

- 12. Always use impact resisting safety glasses.
- 13. Lifting equipment should be used for heavy chucks and materials.
- 14. Chucks should always be started on the lathe spindle by hand, and the chuck wrench removed immediately after the chuck is adjusted or the work removed. Never put an extension bar on the chuck wrench or hit it with a hammer.
- 15. Filing workpieces being rotated under power is extremely hazardous and is not recommended.
- 16. All guards should be replaced before the lathe is put into operation after removal for any reason.
- 17. Shop employees should wear appropriate safety equipment for the conditions prevailing.
- 18. Continuous spiral chips should be removed with a hooked rod, never with the hand; small chips should be removed with a brush. Remove chips only after the lathe has completely stopped. Do not use air hose to clean any machine tool.
- 19. Never let bar stock extend through the rear of the spindle uncovered and/or unsupported.
- 20. Get first aid immediately for any injury.
- 21. Oil or coolant on the machine shop floor should be cleaned up as soon as they are discovered, to prevent slips and falls.
- 22. The actual cutting operation can produce sharp edges and considerable heat. Be careful when handling workpiece.
- 23. The movement of the carriage and cross slide may create pinch points, the operator must avoid these points.
- 24. After the machine has been shut down, always assume the setup has been tampered with. Recheck the rigidity of the setup.
- 25. High voltage is used to power this machine. Only authorized electricians should correct any electrical component failure.

It is impossible to foresee all possible uses, mis-uses and applications of this machine. The best protection against injuries is to use common sense and to think before attempting any questionable uses of this machine.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROPER USE OF WORK HOLDING DEVICES

(Work holding devices include all devices used for driving, holding and retaining the workpiece so that cutting can be performed.)

The operator should have a general understanding that proper feeds, speeds and depth of cut depend upon (1) the material being cut, (2) whether the cut is continuous or intermittent, (3) the tooling, (4) rigidity of both the work holding device and the workpiece and (5) the clamping force applied by the work holding device to the workpiece.

The operator should also be aware of the fact that the clamping force is affected by (1) the condition of the work holding device, (2) pressure in the actuator (power clamping), (3) the screw on scroll (manual clamping), (4) work rpm, (5) jaw location, (6) jaw weight, and (7) workpiece configuration.

The holding ability of the work holding device is determined by (1) the clamping force, (2) type of surface of the gripping member, which could be line contact, penetrating contact, or area contact, (4) the workpiece configuration and (5) the distance from the chuck face to where jaws contact the workpiece.

The efficiency of the work holding device may be significantly affected by lack of lubrication or lack of periodic cleaning. It is not uncommon for a jawed work holding device to yield only one-half its normal gripping ability when not lubricated or when dirty. This, of course, can affect its ability to hold the part safely, even at actuator pressures calculated to be adequate.

The need for lubrication and cleaning varies significantly with the type of work and material. It is only possible to correlate actuator force to jaw force in a clean, not badly worn, well lubricated, work holding device.

One way to determine the gripping performance is to measure the force at the jaws with a gage.

The gripping members (jaws) are subject to wear and damage during use and as such can become ineffective in holding the workpiece.

Periodic inspection and maintenance, when required, should be performed to insure that proper gripping ability is maintained.

NOTE: It is strongly recommended that only springloaded, self-ejecting, safety wrenches be used on all manual chucks.

LARGE CHUCK APPLICATIONS

The industry has investigated the loss of jaw clamping forces at 1200 RPM on a 24" Power Chuck. With the jaws clamping a 24" workpiece, 67o of clamping force is lost at 1200 RPM. While this may be adequate to retain a short (Disc-shaped) part, Engineering considers it definitely hazardous for general workpieces. The user must be aware of the hazards and accept responsibility.

The hazard is reduced in tailstock supported work because the workpiece does not represent a cantilevered load to the chuck.

This loss of jaw force applies to manual as well as power chucks.

All lathes have the same loss of clamping force under the same conditions. This is a characteristic of the chuck and not of the machine.

ELECTRICAL POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR LATHES

The power supply installation (connectors, cables, etc.) should be designed for this service in accordance with local electrical codes. Install ground electrode per Article 250, Sect. 250-83 of National Electrical Code. Use #8 awg wire to connect enclosure ground stud to electrode.

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SPECIFICATIONS FOR LATHE

Capacity Swing over bed & carriage wings	19-1/4"	
Swing over bed & carriage wings	10 1/4"	
I O., da a	19-1/4	19-1/4"
Swing over cross slide	12-1/4"	12-1/4"
Distance between centers, base length	54"	54"
Size of tool-forged	5/8" x 1-1/4"	5/8" x 1-1/4"
Size of tool holder	5/8" x 1-3/8"	5/8" x 1-3/, '8"
Steady rest capacity	1/2" to 6"	1/2" to 6"
Follow rest capacity	1/2" to 3-1/4"	1/2" to 3-3/4"
Face plate, small diameter	9-1/2"	9-1/2"
Face plate, large diameter	17"	17"
Headstock		1,
Spindle speeds, number	12	12
Spindle speed ranges:		'-
	25-1000	25-1000
Low range, rpm	38-1500	38-1500
High range, rpm		
Spindle bearings number of	3	3
Spindle bearing diameters:	//	
Front	3-5/16"	3-5/16"
Center	2-7/8"	2-7 '8"
Rear	2-9/16"	2-9/16"
Front spindle bearing, precision		
Outside diameter	5-3/8"	5-3/8"
Radial load at 100 rpm, pounds	9239	9239
Thrust load at 100 rpm, pounds	7051	7051
Center spindle, roller bearing	7001	7001
Outside diameter	4-5 /8"	4-5., '8"
Radial load at 100 rpm, pounds	8510	8510
	6510	0010
Rear spindle, ball bearing	0.45/408	0.45/400
Outside diameter	3-15/16"	3-15/16"
Radial load at 100 rpm, pounds	4070	4070
Spindle size of hole, straight	1-49/64"	1-49/64"
Spindle size of hole taper	Amer. Std. 200	Amer. Std. 200
Spindle size of center, Morse	#4	#4
Spindle nose, taper key drive, size	L-1	L-1
Spindle nose, diameter large end of taper	4-1/8"	4-1/8"
Bed		
Length, standard	8' 3"	8' 3"
Width	14-3/8"	14-3/8'
Double	11-1/2"	11-1/2"
Deptin	11-1/2	11-1/2
Carriage		
Length of bed	21"	21"
Bearing surface, square inches	79	79
Bridge width	7-7/8"	7-7/8"
Cross slide travel without taper att	11-1/4"	11-1/ 4"
Cross slide travel with taper att	9-5/'8"	9-5/8"
Compound rest travel	4-3/8"	4-3/8"
Feeds-Threads	- -3/0	. 0/0
	40	40
Feed changes, gear or belt drive	48	48
Feed range, inches per revolution	.0018104	.0018 104
Thread changes gear drive only	48	48
Threads per inch, range	2 to 112	2 to 112
Leadscrew diameter and threads		
per inch	1-3/16", 4	1-3/16", 4
Tailstock		
Spindle diameter	2-7/'16"	2-7/16"
Center, Morse	#4	#4
Spindle travel & set over right or left	7", 1"	7", 1"

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LATHE	(Continued)		
SIZE	17E5	19E7	
aper Attachment			
Minimum taper per foot	3-1/2"	3-1/2"	
Turns at one setting	15"	15"	
Notor Recommendations			
Maximum hp and rpm	5, 1800	7- 1/2, 1800	
Veight & Dimensions (Base Length)			
Net weight, pounds	3860	3860	
Domestic shipping weight, pounds	4450	4450	
Export shipping weight, pounds	4950	4950	
Net weight, each additional 12" of bed			
pounds	220	220	
Floor space required	113 x 50"	113 x 50"	
Distance, spindle center to floor	42-3/4	42-3/4"	

SPECIFICATIONS FOR

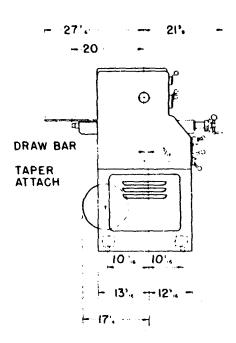
LATHES

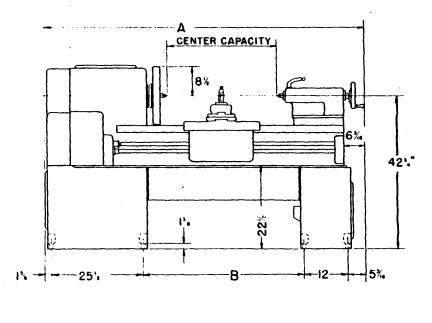
SIZE	17E5/36 SBG
	19E7/36
apacity	
Swing through gap	36"
Center Distance, bed closed	30"
Center Distance, bed extended	50"
Gap face plate diameter	27"
Distance face plate to end of gap.	
Distance spindle nose to end of gap	
Veight and Dimensions (30" center distance)	4070
Net weight, pounds	4370
Domestic shipping weight, pounds	4770
Distance spindle center to floor	46"
Overall length, bed closed	7' 6'"
Overall length, bed extended	9' 2"
Carriage	
Length on bed	22"
Bearing surface, square inches	92
Cross slide travel, with or without taper attachment	15-1/2"
Bridge width	7-7/8"
ed	
Base length, 30/50 centers closed	6' 3-1/4"
Top bed length base machine	50-3/8"
Width	14-3/8"
Depth, top	9-1/2"
Depth, lower	9-3/4"

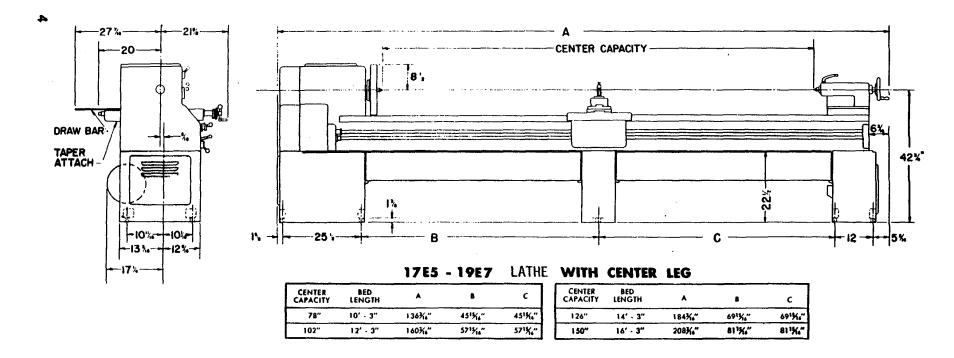
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17E5 - 19E7 LATHE STANDARD

CENTER CAPACITY	BED LENGTH	A	В
54"	8' - 3"	112314"	671/6"

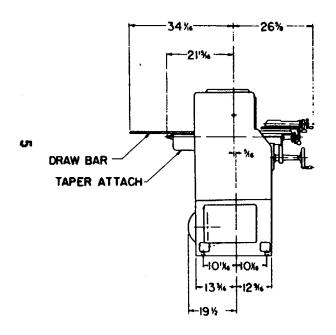


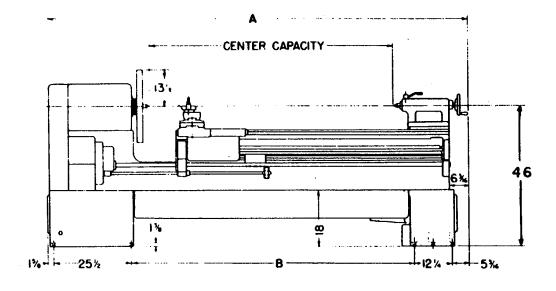




17E5/36 & 19E7/36
SLIDING BED GAP LATHE

CENTER CAPACITY	BED LENGTH	CLOSED	EXTENDED	B
54"	8' - 31/4"	9' - 3134"	11' - 11'%"	677/6"





INSTALLATION

Foundation

The floor upon which your lathe is to be set should be flat and heavy enough to support the weight of the machine without noticeable deflection. If such a floor is not available, it may be necessary to construct a special foundation in order to eliminate frequent need for releveling and re-alignment.

<u>Concrete Floors.</u> In order to minimize machine vibration and deflection, a reinforced concrete floor serves as the best foundation. All lathes require a minimum of 6" reinforced concrete.

<u>Wood Floors</u>. Many shop floors are made of wood block or some other type of vibration dampening material which covers a concrete sub-floor. This material should be taken up and the area filled in with concrete to the floor level.

In case the floor is of timber construction, the usual practice is to cut a hole in the floor and build up with reinforced concrete from the ground.

<u>Second Floor</u>. Your lathe should always be located over a pillar or supporting beams. If no such support is available, one or more pillars should be installed, if your lathe is to remain accurate and level.

Cleaning

For shipment, all oil was drawn from the reservoirs, and all polished and unpainted surfaces were well covered with a slushing compound.

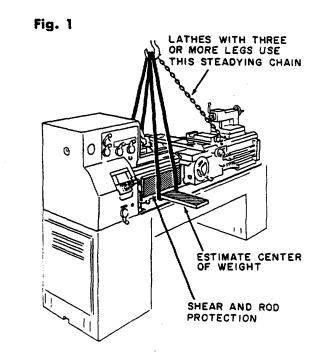
The slushing compound is best removed by washing with kerosene or benzene. Do not use an air hose. Air pressure will drive in between the bearing surfaces any grit and dirt picked up in transit. Raise the cross slide guards, clean the screw and slides, remove the bedway wipers and clean thoroughly. When all the unpainted and polished surfaces are wiped clean, put a light coat of machine oil on them to protect them from rust. Frequent cleaning and oiling of these parts will increase the useful life of your lathe.

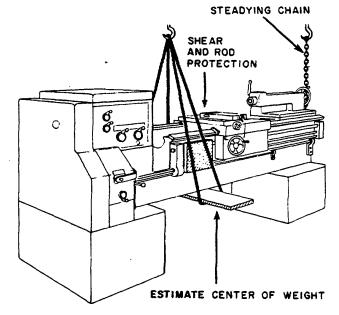
Before starting the machine, consult the section on Lubrication for the proper lubrication points and the fillers for the reservoirs. Make sure the machine is properly lubricated before starting in order to avoid damaging any bearing surfaces.

Moving and Lifting

It is usually convenient to leave the machine on the skids when removing the crating. Thus the machine can be moved on the skids to its final location. This is particularly true where crane facilities are not available.

Fig. 1





However, if cranes are available, the following instructions should be followed. For lathes with two legs, insert a heavy board or flat steel bar under the bed at the estimated center of weight. Sling on each end of the board or bar using another board to protect the control rods. Raise the machine slightly to assure proper balance before continuing. (See Figure 1).

For lathes with three or more legs, follow the same procedure but add a chain from the crane hook to a cross girth at the tail end of the lathe. This will help steady the set-up.

NOTE: Make sure the carriage clamp screw is loosened before moving the carriage. The carriage and tailstock may be moved to help balance the lathe for moving by crane.

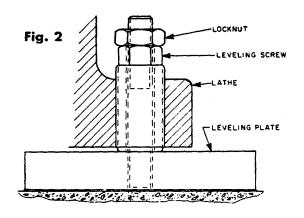
Electrical Connections

It is important that the voltage and other specifications of the motor are the same as those of your service lines. The name plate on the motor specifies the operating voltage and whether the current should be direct (D. C.) or alternating (A. C.). If alternating current is specified, the voltage. frequently (cycles and number of phases) are shown. If there is any doubt about the current and voltage. call your local power and light company and verify the supply. If there is a difference. advise us before connecting. and avoid burning out or otherwise damaging the motor.

Leveling

Your lathe was aligned and accurately checked with the lathe in perfect level. In order to reproduce this accuracy in your shop, it is essential that your lathe be leveled properly. Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the importance of properly leveling your lathe.

In order to hold the level and prevent the leveling screws



from digging into a concrete floor, smooth steel plates are furnished with each machine. Measuring approximately 2-1/2" in diameter, 3/8" thick, and countersunk 1/16" deep for seating the leveling screws, these plates should be surfaced against the concrete. If necessary, chip the concrete before placing the plates under the leveling screws. See Figure 2. Never use a resilient type of vibration dampening device, such as rubber under the leveling screws. These devices make it difficult. if not impossible to maintain accurate level.

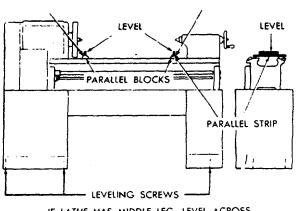
Next, level the lathe by means of leveling screws provide.' using a precision level. An ordinary carpenter's level or combination square level is not sensitive enough. See Figure 3.

Proceed as follows: Level across the bedways at both the head and the tailend, using parallel blocks on the front flat and the rear hardened way. NOTE: The rear way of your lathe is .0625" higher than the front flat. Use gauge blocks to make up the difference. Leveling is accomplished by adjusting the leveling screws until the bubble is in the center of the glass bowl. If the bed of the machine has one or more centerlegs. level across them also. The reading must be exactly the same in all positions.

Then. level lengthwise on the rearway at the head and tail ends and at each center leg.

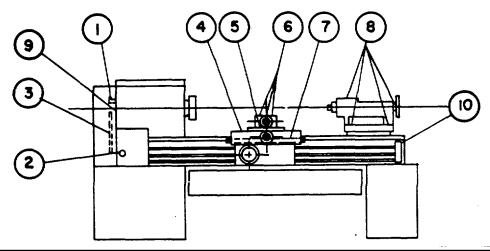
If hold-down bolts are used, draw them to light contact after leveling. Do not tighten bolts excessively as this may twist the bed of the lathe out of level. CAUTION: You should always recheck your level after tightening the hold-down bolts. Never bed the legs of the lathe in concrete as this will preclude any releveling of the machine.

LEVEL ACROSS WAYS AT THESE POINTS Fig. 3



IF LATHE HAS MIDDLE LEG, LEVEL ACROSS WAYS DIRECTLY ABOVE LEGS.

REFER TO MANUAL LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS 13C-3 815C-5 LATHE

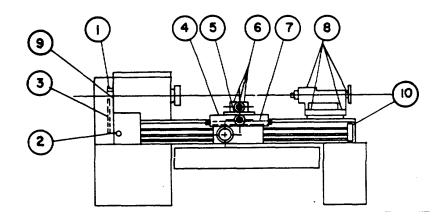


LUBE POINT	ОТУ	LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS
2002 . 0	~	
1	1	HEADSTOCK-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL OIL CUP ON SIDE OF HEAD TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CHECK SIGHT GAGE DAILY. CAP. 9 QTS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE NO.H-315).
2	1	QUICK CHANGE BOX-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL THRU PLUG HOLE ON FRONT OF QUICK CHANGE BOX TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE CHECK GAGE DAILY. CAP. 2 QTS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315)
3	1	QUADRANT GEAR-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. LUBRICATE QUADRANT GEAR WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).
4	1	APRON-FILL OIL RESERVOIR WEEKLY TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CAP. 1/2 QT. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315). EACH DAY BEFORE STARTING LATHE PUMP PLUNGER UNTIL OIL APPEARS IN TELL-TALE HOLE AT RIGHT HAND SHEAR WIPER TO LUBRICATE CARRIAGE, BEDWAYS AND CROSS SLIDE.
5	1	CROSS FEED NUT-REMOVE SCREW ON TOP OF BOTTOM SLIDE AND FILL WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
6	4	COMPOUND REST-FILL OILERS WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
7	1	TAPER ATTACHMENT-(IF EQUIPPED) FILL OILERS UNDER HINGED COVER WEEKLY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
8	4	TAILSTOCK-FILL OILERS DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
9	1	CRAWL SPEED-SERVO-SHIFT MACHINES ONLY. LUBRICATE LINKAGE WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).
10	3	BACK BOX-FILL OIL CAP DAILY. LUBRICATE FEED ROD AND CONTROL ROD DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).

USE OF LUBRICANTS OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED VOID MACHINE WARRANTY. SEE MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR DETAILED LUBE INSTRUCTIONS.

SPECIFICATION MIL-L-15017 VISCOSITY 2110H (SAE 20) 014637-00

REFER TO MANUAL LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS 17E-5 8 19E-7 LATHE

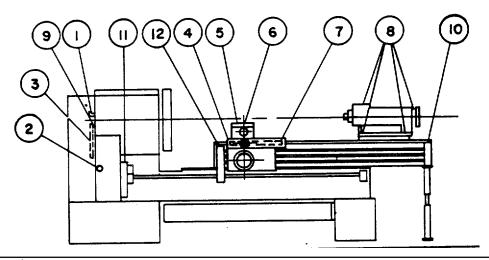


LUBE POINT	QTY	LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS
1	1	HEADSTOCK-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL OIL CUP ON SIDE OF HEAD TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CHECK SIGHT GAGE DAILY. CAP. 18 QTS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).
2	1	QUICK CHANGE BOX-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL THRU PLUG HOLE ON FRONT OF QUICK CHANGE BOX TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CHECK GAGE DAILY. CAP. 2 QTS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
3	1	QUADRANT GEAR-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. LUBRICATE QUADRANT WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).
4	1	APRON-FILL OIL RESERVOIR WEEKLY TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CAP. 1/2 QT. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315). EACH DAY BEFORE STARTING LATHE PUMP PLUNGER UNTIL OIL APPEARS IN TELL-TALE HOLE AT RIGHT HAND SHEAR WIPER TO LUBRICATE CARRIAGE, BEDWAYS AND CROSS SLIDE. CROSS FEED NUT-REMOVE SCREW ON TOP OF BOTTOM SLIDE AND
5	1	FILL WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315). FILL WEEKLY. COMPOUND REST-FILL OILERS WEEKLY WITH SAE 20w-20 API CLASS
6	4	SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315)).
7	1	TAPER ATTACHMENT-(IF EQUIPPED) FILL OILERS UNDER HINGED COVERS WEEKLY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE
8	4	No. H-315). TAILSTOCK-FILL OILERS DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315). CRAWL SPEED-SERVO-SHIFT MACHINES ONLY. LUBRICATE LINKAGE
9	1	WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315). BACK BOX-FILL OIL CUP DAILY. LUBRICATE FEED ROD AND CONTROL
10	3	ROD DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315).

USE OF LUBRICANTS OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED VOID MACHINE WARRANTY. SEE MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR DETAILED LUBE INSTRUCTION.

SPECIFICATION MIL-L-15017 VISCOSITY 2110H (SAE 20) 0146-00

REFER TO MANUAL LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS 19E-7 SLIDING BED GAP LATHE



LUBE POINT	QTY	LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS
1	1	HEADSTOCK-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL OIL CUP ON SIDE OF HEAD TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CHECK SIGHT GAGE DAILY. CAP. 18QTS. USE SAE 20w-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No; H-315).
2	1	QUICK CHANGE BOX-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. FILL THRU PLUG HOLE ON FRONT OF QUICK CHANGE BOX TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CHECK GAGE DAILY. CAP. 2 QTS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315)
3	1	QUADRANT GEAR-REMOVE HEAD END COVER. LUBRICATE QUADRANT GEAR WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-3 15).
4	1	APRON-FTLL OIL RESERVOIR WEEKLY TO LEVEL ON OIL SIGHT GAGE. CAP 1/2 QT. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315). EACH DKY BEFORE STARTING LATHE PUMP PLUNGER UNTIL OIL APPEARS IN TELL-TALE HOLE AT RIGHT HAND SHEAR WIPER TO LUBRICATE CARRIAGE, BEDWAYS AND CROSS SLIDE.
5	1	CROSS FEED NUT-REMOVE SCREW ON TOP OF BOTTOM SLIDE AND FILL WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE NO.H-315). FILL WEEKLY.
6	4	COMPOUND REST-FILL OILERS WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
7	1	TAPER ATTACHMENT-(IF EQUIPPED) FILL OILERS UNDER HINGED COERS WEEKLY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
8	4	TAILSTOCK-FILL OILERS DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
9	1	CRAWL SPEED-SERVO-SHIFT MACHINES ONLY. LUBRICATE LINKAGE WEEKLY WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-315)
10	3	BACK BOX-FILL OIL CUP DAILY. LUBRICATE FEED ROD AND CONTROL ROD DAILY. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No. H-3 15).
11	1	BOTTOM BED FEED BOX-CHECK LEVEL WEEKLY. FILL WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
12	1	TOP BED FEED BOX-CHECK LEVEL WEEKLY. FILL WITH SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315).
GAP BED- WAYS	2	BEFORE MOVING TOP BED UNDER POWER, CLEAN AND LUBRICATE DRIVE SCREW. BEFORE CLOSING GAP CLEAN AND LUBRICATE BOTTOM WAYS. USE SAE 20W-20 API CLASS SC ENGINE OIL. (ASLE No.H-315)
USE OF LU	J BRICAN	│ ▼TS OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED VOID MACHINE WARRANTY.

SEE MAINTENANCE M ANUAL FOR DETAILED LUBE INSTRUCTIONS.

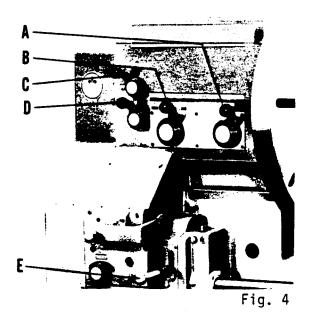
SPECIFICATION MIL-L-15017 VISCOSITY ZI2110 (SAE 20)

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND NOMENCLATURE

To help you understand the lathe, you will find the following a general description, and operational procedure for each of the major units that make up your lathe.

Headstock

The lathe Headstock, Figure 4, provides eight (8) geardriven spindle speeds and four (4) belt driven spindle speeds for smooth, quiet operation. No gears, other than the feed gears, are in mesh on the spindle when in the belt range. The speeds are easily selected by two levers (A) and (B), and a direct reading colorplate. The spindle is supported by three bearings.



Electric Brake

The machine is equipped with electric brake; you will find the power pack mounted on the rear of the bed by the headstock leg. This unit contains a rheostat, providing the operator a convenient means for adjusting the braking power.

Along with the electric brake, a five position drum-switch is included. The center position of the spindle control handle (E) applies the brake. A neutral position on either side of the center allows the spindle to coast for jogging, shifting gears or revolving the spindle by hand. The extreme up position of the handle will revolve the spindle forward. The extreme down position of the handle will revolve the spindle in reverse.

The spindle nose is an American Standard Type L taper key drive. The spindle speeds are always increased when moving the shifter levers to the left. The small shifter (C) at the upper left of the Headstock, is the reverse to the feed and leadscrew. The lower shifter (D), on the left of the head, is the feed drive compound, providing coarse and fine feeds and threads. Headstocks have hardened steel gears for long life and trouble-free operation, and all shafts are supported on anti-friction bearings.

Servo-Shift (Fig. 5)

If the lathe is equipped with Servo-Shift, spindle speeds can be changed simply by turning dial (A). to the desired speed, and moving spindle control handle (B) to engage the brake. The headstock gears will be automatically shifted without further attention from the operator. Spindle speeds can be preselected at any time during the cutting operation. The shifting will not take place until the brake is engaged.

During the shifting cycle. always permit the crawl speed mechanism to oscillate the spindle several times before moving the spindle control handle to disengage the brake. This will insure complete gear engagement and prevent the possibility of clashing.

To free wheel the spindle, when inspecting or measuring workpieces, turn Servo-Shift dial (A) to the neutral position marked N.

Note: The amount of spindle oscillation during the shifting cycle will vary according to the speed selected.

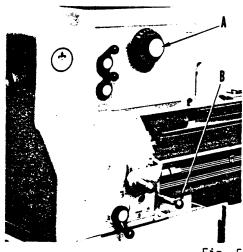
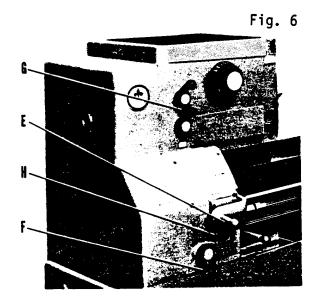


Fig. 5



Totally Enclosed Quick Change Box (Fig. 6)

The feed reverse and compounding gears are entirely within the head. A single gear train on the end of the lathe eliminates overhang of the bearings and gives a powerful, quiet drive.

Forty-eight feed and thread changes are obtained by an eight position tumbler(E), a three position compound (F) in the feed box and a two position compound (G) on the Fine changes of feeds or threads are headstock. obtained as indicated on the index plate by pulling out the tumbler handle and depressing to disengage the tumbler gear, then sliding the tumbler along the sleeve to the proper location and lifting the handle to bring the gears into engagement. When the gears are in engagement, the plunger in the handle locks the tumbler in place. A series of slots milled in the shifter lock-plate mounted on the Quick Change Box above the handle and a pin engaging the slots, prevent the tumbler gear from engaging two gears at any one time.

The Direct Reading Index Plate is mounted on the Quick Change Box directly over the tumbler handle. The numbers on the plate refer to threads or feeds that the leadscrew and the gear combination will cut when the tumbler is engaged directly under the number on the index plate. Coarse and Fine refer to the location of the compound feed handle on the head and the letters refer to the position of the compound change lever on the feed box.

The feed drive from the head to the Quick Change Box consists of pick-off gears readily accessible by removing the end cover. This arrangement permits the use of metric translating gears and other gears to obtain special feeds and threads.

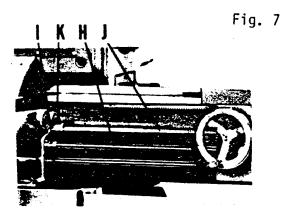
Feed Rod and Leadscrew (Fig. 7)

The Feed Rod (H) transmits the power from the Quick Change Box to the apron through a safety overload device (I) located at the Quick Change Box end of the Feed Rod. Should the carriage meet with any obstruction on the bed, the safety device will release and prevent damage to the feed mechanism of the lathe. As goon as the obstruction is removed, the feed safety device engages automatically.

The Leadscrew

The Leadscrew(J)is used only for thread cutting and may be disengaged when not in use through a sliding gear (K). This gear is located on the feed box end of the screw and can be engaged with, or disengaged from the feed rod gear by a short sliding movement on the leadscrew. When not chasing threads, disengage the sliding gear so the leadscrew does not revolve.

On some lathes of this type, where splined leadscrews are used to drive the feed, the leadscrew is subject to torsional strains at all times and soon becomes inaccurate. The key engaging the spline in the leadscrew also burrs the edges of the threads which cause the leadscrew to act as a tap constantly wearing the half nuts. The leadscrew remains accurate for the life of the machine as it is not subject to these conditions.



Apron

The Apron (Figure 8) is a double-walled one piece casting in which all shafts and gears are supported on both ends. This unit is bolted securely to the carriage and contains the controls, gears, and other mechanisms for feeding the carriage and cross slide by hand or power. It also contains the half nuts controlled by lever (L) which engages the leadscrew for thread chasing.

Power is supplied to the apron through the bevel pinion which is driven by a six splined feed rod. Positive jaw clutches are employed to direct the power to the rack pinion for length feed and the cross feed screw for crossfeed.

A single lever (M) is employed to engage both length and cross feeds. An instruction plate mounted to the left of the feed control lever indicates the position for cross and length feed. An interference device prevents the engagement of the half nuts and the feed at the same time. Do not attempt to force the feed control lever or the half nut lever when the other is engaged.

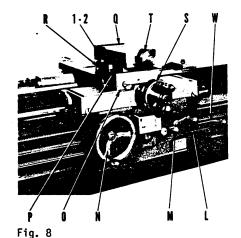
Feed Reverse Lever gives feed reverse control at the apron in addition to normal feed reverse on the headstock. This feature is available on 17E5 and 19E7 models only.

The large hand wheel (N), through a gear reduction, revolves a rack pinion thus providing hand feed to the carriage.

The apron spindle control lever (W) is located on the right side of the apron.

The Carriage and Compound Rest

The carriage, an H-shaped casting, is fitted to and slides on the bedway; thus providing for longitudinal movement of the tool by hand or power.



The cross-slide often referred to as the bottomslide, (0), provides for cross motion of the tool by hand or power.

The swivel, (P), and the topslide, (Q), provide angular hand feed. To adjust the angle of the top slide, loosen nuts (1) and (2), swivel the unit to the desired angle as indicated by the graduation (R), and retighten nuts (1) and (2).

Both the crossfeed dial, (S), and the topslide dial, (T), read in diameter reduction .010 on the crossfeed dial advances or retracts the slide .005, thus reducing or increasing a given diameter by. 010. The topslide dial is calibrated in the same manner. However, the angle at which the topslide is set must be taken into consideration when computing tool advances. For this reason it is generally considered good practice to use a cross slide adjustment for sizing when turning.

Very often the topslide is used for controlling the depths of a facing cut by setting the top slide at 90 degrees. Under these conditions, the advance of the tool will be one half that shown on the dial.

It should be pointed out that the topslide dial is graduated in diameter reduction for use in sizing when the taper attachment is in use. The taper attachment bottomslide draw bar, (Figure 16), in its locked position prevents the bottomslide from being moved.

CAUTION: The lathe operator should adjust the topslide flush with the cross-slide for maximum tool support whenever possible. Needless overhang of the topslide will very often result in chatter.

Tailstock

The tailstock unit (Figure 9) is used to support one end of the workpiece and to hold drills, reamers, taps, etc. This unit can be moved on the bedways to accommodate workpieces of different length within the capacity of the lathe. The tailstock consists of a top, bottom, clamp, spindle and handwheel.

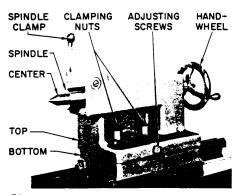


Fig. 9

The tailstock top is fitted to the bottom and held in position with a cross tongue. A side adjustment is provided to keep the center in line with the head, and for turning shallow tapers by offsetting the spindle in relation to the head.

Alignment of Centers

When zero marks are in line on the tailstocks top and bottom, centers are approximately in line. But due to the fact that an error of a .001" misalignment cannot be seen, a more sensitive test must be used for perfect straight turning.

A test bar (Figure 10) should be made with centered barstock; 2" diameter, 24" long and with a 1/4" undercut in the center. By taking a light cut at both ends and measuring with a micrometer, you can determine if the cut is straight or tapered.

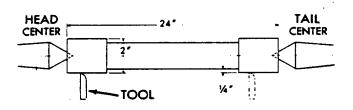


Fig. 10.

If your lathe is cutting shallow tapers, the alignment of the tailstock center with the headstock is out of position. If the diameter is larger at the headstock, the tailstock top must be moved to the back of the lathe. If the diameter is larger at the tailstock, the tailstock top must be moved toward the front of the lathe.

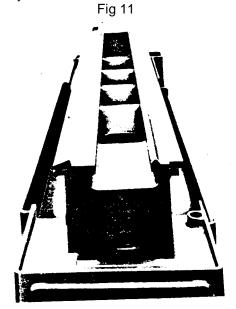
NOTE: Do not attempt to adjust side movement with the bed clamp locked in position. Be sure the clamp is only in snug position; this allows the top to move on the bottom. Always loosen the adjusting screw on the side of the tailstock in the direction you wish to move before turning the other screw to move the tailstock top.

When you have moved it to the desired position, retighten the original screw. These adjusting screws only locate the top on the bottom and should only be tightened to a snug fit.

Bed

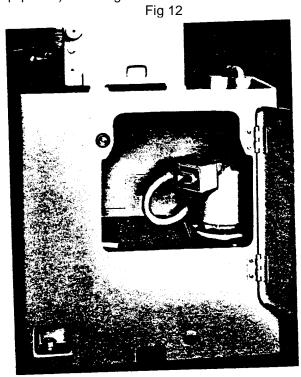
The bed (Figure 11) is the foundation of the lathe. It supports the functioning units and provides an accurate guideway for these units which move on it. Rigid in construction, it has been scientifically designed with heavy girths to minimize deflection.

The ways are constructed of hardened and ground high strength steel. Wear is kept to a minimum with a hardness of 62-64 Rockwell C (600 Brinell). These ways are replaceable in event of accidental damage but with ordinary care will outlast the lathe.



Coolant System

The Regal lathe tail leg is of the completely enclosed type and houses the coolant system, (optional equipment). See Figure 12.



ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS

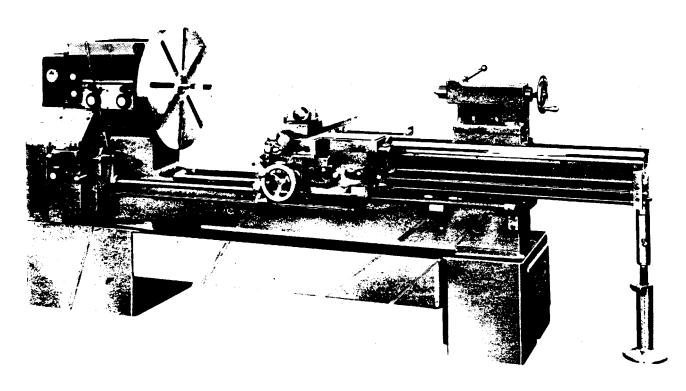
(Fig. 14)

On sliding bed gap lathes additional daily lubrication should be performed at the following points.

- (12) Bottom bed feed box
- (13) Top bed feed box

Before moving top bed under power, wipe drive screw (B) clean from dirt and lightly oil. Always wipe bottom ways clean and oil before closing gap.





Sliding Bed Gap Lathe

(Fig. 13)

A sliding bed, a special carriage, apron arrangement and part of the feed mechanism differentiates this lathe from the regular Regal lathe. On the base length of the machine the gap may be opened to a maximum working distance of 20". For every bed increase increment of 12" the center distance will be increased by 18" with the bed fully extended.

Feed is transmitted from the quick change box through transfer box (G) to the gap bed box (H) by means of an extension rod. The extension rod lies along the lower bed in order to keep the gap working area open. This rod is also used to traverse the top bed under power.

Lever (A), Fig. 13 engages the traverse nut to the drive shaft. The top bed slides along a veeway on the bottom bed which keeps it in position.

CAUTION: Before moving the top bed be sure to loosen the clamp nuts found on the bed girths. Do not traverse the top bed in the spindle belt drive and do not exceed the fine feed range when in spindle gear drive.

On sliding bed gap lathes of 66" center distance and longer, one support jack is furnished to support the bed overhang. Raise the jack just enough to relieve the strain resulting from bed overhang but not enough to raise the top bed off the lower bed. Retighten the bed clamps by tightening the bolts next to the vee-way to insure proper alignment.

ATTACHMENTS

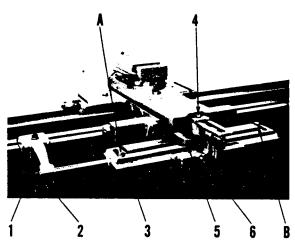
Taper Attachment

The telescopic taper attachment, Figure 14, is ruggedly constructed, accurately machined and simple to operate.

Capacity on the 17E5 and 19E7 is 3-1/2" maximum taper per foot and will turn 15" at one setting.

Fig. 14

Fig. 14



When the carriage is brought into position for taper turning, the bed bracket (1) is locked on the bed ways. The slide rod draw bar is then locked by nut (2). The swivel guide bar (3) is adjusted to the desired taper by loosening nuts (A) and (B), adjusting to the proper taper and retightening nuts (A) and (B). This guide is graduated in inches on one end and degrees on the other.

With the taper bar clamp nut (4) loosened, the tool is moved into position and nut (4) relocked. When the carriage feed is engaged, the bed bracket and connecting rod hold the lower taper bar in a fixed position in relation to the bed and work. Movement of the carriage, slides gibbed block (5) along the taper bar.

The taper attachment bottom slide draw bar, in its locked position, prevents the cross slide from being moved. The compound rest dial is used in sizing for taper turning. For this reason the compound rest should be at the zero setting and square with the carriage. Avoid unnecessary overhang of this slide to prevent chatter. Lock screw (6) should be used during conventional turning.

Chasing Dial

The chasing dial, Figure 15, permits the operator to take a cut, back the tool out and return the carriage to the starting point, set the tool for the next cut and re-engage the half nut to pick up the same lead without stopping or reversing the spindle.

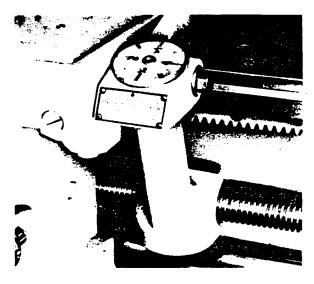


Fig. 15

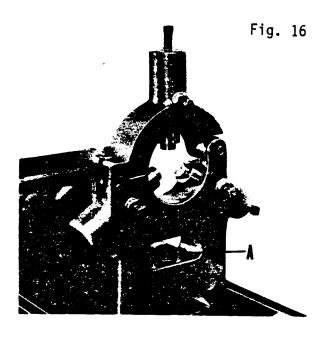
The chasing or thread indicating dial consists of a worm wheel, which runs in the leadscrew, and a shaft connected to an indicating dial.

When chasing even numbered threads, the halfnuts may be engaged at any line on the dial, odd numbered threads at any numbered line and half-threads at any odd numbered line.

Steady Rest

The steady rest, Figure 16, provides a fixed support between the head and tailstock for long round work while it is being turned. The rest is also used to support one end of the workpiece when operations such as boring are performed.

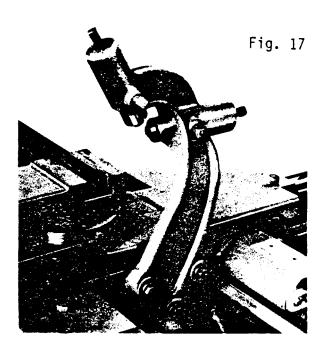
Steady rests are clamped in position on the bed by clamp nut (A). Proper position is generally in the center of long workpieces for turning, and on one end for boring. Two types of jaws are generally used on steady rests, plain or bronze type and roller jaws--adjustment of these jaws should be made in the following manner. Always adjust the bottom jaws first.



These jaws should be positioned to keep the workpiece running true. The top jaw is then brought into light contact with the workpiece to support the upward thrusting action that occurs when the work is revolving. Be sure to keep oil on the contact area between the jaw tips and the work. Scoring is usually caused by the top jaw being too tightly clamped and lack of oil. Chatter is generally caused by the top jaw being too loose.

Follow Rests

The follow rest, Figure 17, is used to support



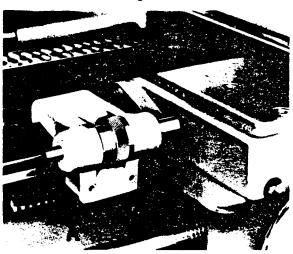
between-center work against the forces of the cut being taken. It is bolted to the carriage and moves with it. This rest is very useful in turning long small diameter work and is a necessity when chasing threads on long screws. Without a follow rest the screw would be inaccurate, due to its springing away from the tool.

The follow rest is adjusted to the workpiece in the following manner. First, the cut is started and turned approximately 3". The jaws are then set to the turned diameter after which the cut can be taken across the entire length of the work. When adjusting the jaws to the work, make sure they support but do not bind or twist the workpiece.

Micrometer Carriage Stop

The micrometer carriage stop, Figure 18, permits the operator to bring the carriage to the same position accurately on the bed.





The stop is clamped on the front bed way with nut (A). The design of the clamp prevents marring the hardened way while in use. A micrometer screw with hardened ends is turned by a large knurled collar which has been graduated for direct reading in thousandths of an inch. The carriage is brought up against the end of the stop by hand. Never run the carriage against the stop with power feed.

MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENTS

General Instructions

The following general rules will keep your machine in best running condition and prevent down time for maintenance and repair.

- 1. Keep general work area clean.
- 2. Do not remove guards,-they are put on for safety and to keep dirt out of the lathe.
- 3. Make sure the tailstock has been clamped before turning between centers.
- 4. Don't use the lathe for a work bench, Lathes have been wrecked by a wrench lying on the ways between the carriage and head.
- Always keep the spindle nose, face plate, chucks and centers clean and dry. Dirt and grit between a face plate and the spindle nose may cause run out.
- Headstock and tailstock spindle holes as well as centers must be free from dirt before inserting centers.
- 7. Tighten spindle lock nut securely before starting lathe.

- 8. Use lubricant on dead tailstock centers.
- 9. Keep tool tight in tool holder.
- Before chasing threads, wipe leadscrew free from dirt and lightly oil.
- 11. Check direction of feed before engaging the tool to the workpiece.
- 12. Always disconnect the power before leaving lathe.

Be sure lathe is properly lubricated at all times and oil' reservoirs are filled. See section on Lubrication Instructions.

From time to time the lathe may need minor adjustments. Read the proper section for making these adjustments before performing adjusting operations. Never tear a machine down leaving a box of parts for a service man. He is experienced in trouble shooting and chances are he will save you time and money by doing this work himself. Often corrections can be made without tearing machine down.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART				
TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTION		
Vibration	Loose leveling screws	Set all screws so they bear evenly on leveling plates.		
	Torn or mismatched vee belts	Replace vee belts with matched set.		
	Work or chuck out of balance operating at high spindle speeds	Balance chuck or reduce spindle speed.		
	Motor out of balance	Contact local representative of motor manufacturer.		
Chatter	Tool bit improperly ground or not on center	Regrind tool bit or adjust tool holder so that area of contact between tool bit and work is decreased. Avoid extreme negative rake angle.		
	Tool overhang too great	Keep point of tool bit as close as possible to tool holder.		
	Using improper surface feet	Reduce or increase spindle speed.		
	Feed rate too high or too low	Reduce or increase feed.		
	Gibs of cross slide or compound rest loose	Adjust gibs.		
	Spindle bearings worn	Adjust spindle bearings.		

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
	<u>+</u>	
Chatter (cont'd)	Work improperly supported	Adjust tailstock c(enter. Use steady rest or follow rest on long slender shafts. Minimize tailstock barrel extension.
	Vibration	See "Vibration" trouble above.
	Spindle bearing loose	Adjust spindle bearings.
Work not turned straight	Headstock and tailstock centers not aligned	Align tailstock center.
Straight	Work improperly supported	Use steady rest or follow rest. Reduce overhang from chuck.
	Bed not level	Relevel bed, using precision level.
	Tool not on center when using taper attachment	Put tool on center.
Work out of round	Work loose between centers or centers are excessively worn-work centers out of round	Adjust tailstock center. Regrind centers. Lap work centers.
	Loose headstock spindle bearings.	Adjust headstock spindle bearings
Cross slide or compound	Gib setting too tight or zoo loose	Adjust gibs.
rest movement does not coin-Work cide with dial movement of respective ad- justing screw.	is too long and slender	Use steady rest or follow rest.

Headstock Spindle Bearing Adjustment (fig. 19)

When adjusting the spindle bearing, use small face plate on spindle nose. Remember that a slight drag should be felt when the bearing is adjusted correctly.

- 1. Remove the head cover.
- 2. Locate the two hex head set screws (1) on the center bearing nut. Loosen.
- 3. Tighten (or loosen) the center bearing nut (2). This is the adjusting nut.
- 4. Tighten the two hex head set screws (1) on the adjusting nut.
- 5. Replace the head cover and bolt firmly to prevent oil leakage.

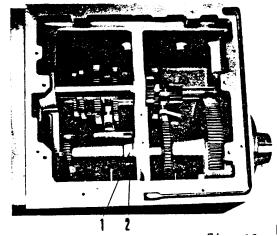


Fig 19

Servo-Shift Pressure Adjustment

The Servo-Shift pressure is factory set at 200 to 300 P.S.I. This pressure is maintained through a fixed bleed-off orifice and must not be re-adjusted in the field.

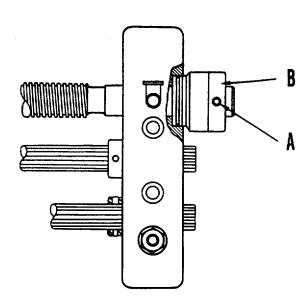
Belt Tension Adjustment (Fig. 20)

The motor is mounted on a hinged plate in the back of the headstock leg. The hinged plate is adjusted by means of turnbuckle (A, in the leg to regulate the tension on the V-belts. Belts should have approximately 1/'2" spring to provide enough tension to take the cuts without slipping. Too much tension on the belts will cause a strain on the motor and drive shaft bearings, causing excessive wear. Oil on the belts will cause slippage. Adjust belts only enough to just prevent slipping under heavy cutting. Small amount of slippage on motor startup is normal.

Leadscrew Adjustment (Fig. 21)

The leadscrew has been properly adjusted before the machine has been shipped. With normal care, no adjustment will be necessary for many years.

Fig. 21.



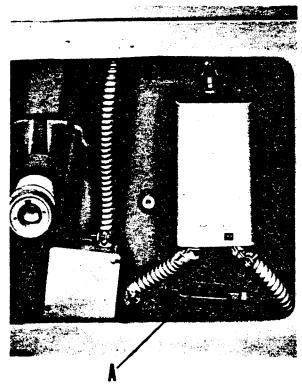


Fig 20

NOTE: The-leadscrew is used only for chasing on lathes. Under all other operations, it should be disengaged. Excessive wear to the leadscrew and half nut takes place when the leadscrew is not cleaned before chasing when it has not been used for some time. Always clean leadscrew with a small, stiff brush to remove dirt and grit under these conditions, rinse with kerosene, and relubricate with machine oil.

For Adjustment:

- 1. Loosen set screw (A).
- 2. Tighten the adjusting nut (B) until there is no end play in the leadscrew.
- 3. Retighten set screw (A).

Fig. 22

Cross Slide and Top Slide Gib Adjustment (Fig. 22)

If the gibs on the cross slide and top slide are loose, the compound rest will wobble slightly causing inaccurate work. To adjust these gibs follow this procedure:

- 1. Loosen the gib screw (E) at the small end of the gib.
- Tighten adjusting screw (F) at the large end of the gib, until a slight drag is felt when the slide is moved. Retighten screw (E).

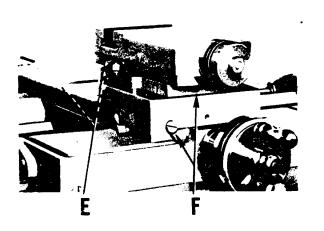


Fig. 23

Carriage Rear Gib Adjustment (Fig. 23)

The carriage rear gib is adjusted by moving it vertically upward. To adjust the gib, loosen two hex screws (A) which hold the gib against the rear wall of the carriage. Tighten the two screws (B) that move the gib vertically upwards until a slight drag is felt as the carriage is moved along the bed. Tighten the hex screws.

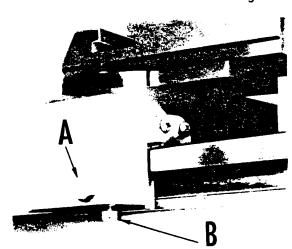
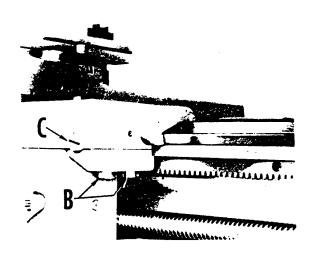


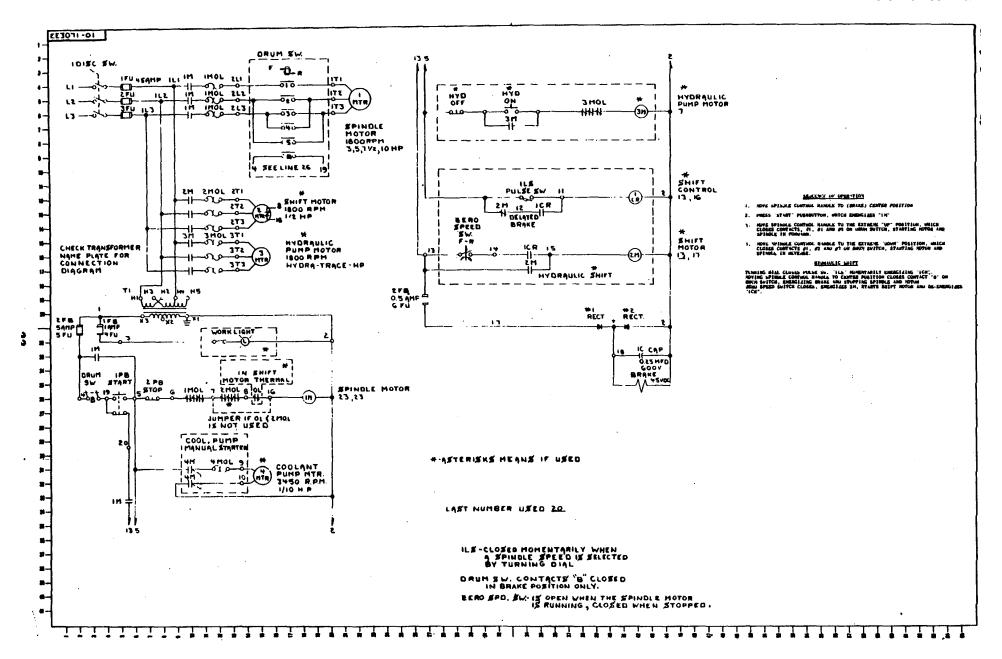
Fig. 24

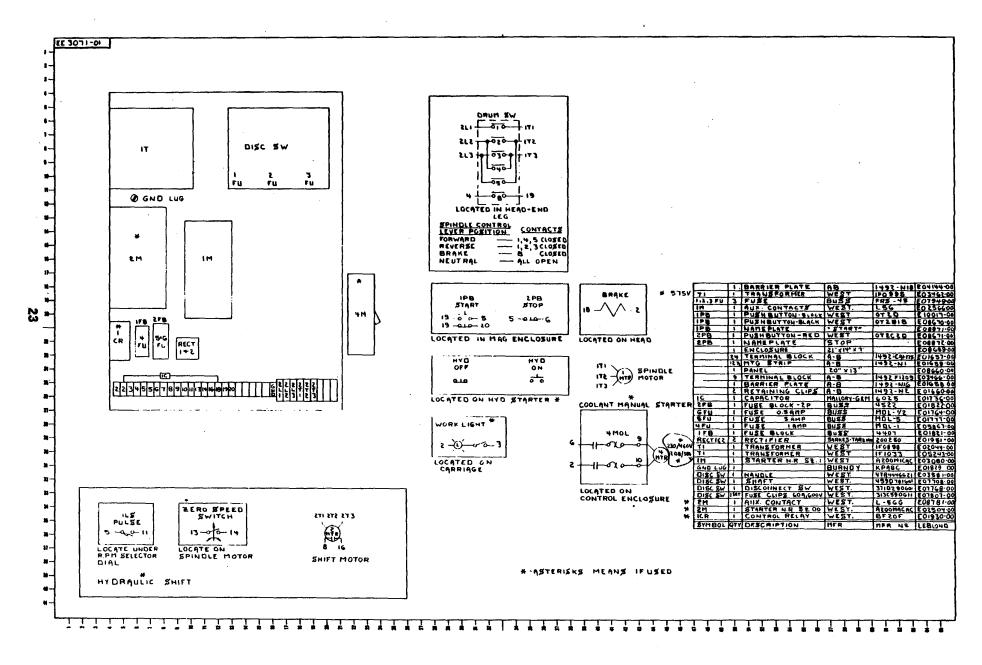
Carriage Front Gib Adjustment (Fig. 24)

There are two gibs located at both sides of the carriage front. Screws (B) hold the gib bracket to the carriage from underneath. The gib adjusting screws (C) are found at the front edge of the carriage. When adjusting the front carriage gibs:

- 1. Loosen two gib bracket screws (B).
- 2. Adjust gib adjusting screws until there is a slight drag when the carriage is moved along the bed.
- 3. Repeat with the other front gib.







INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING PARTS

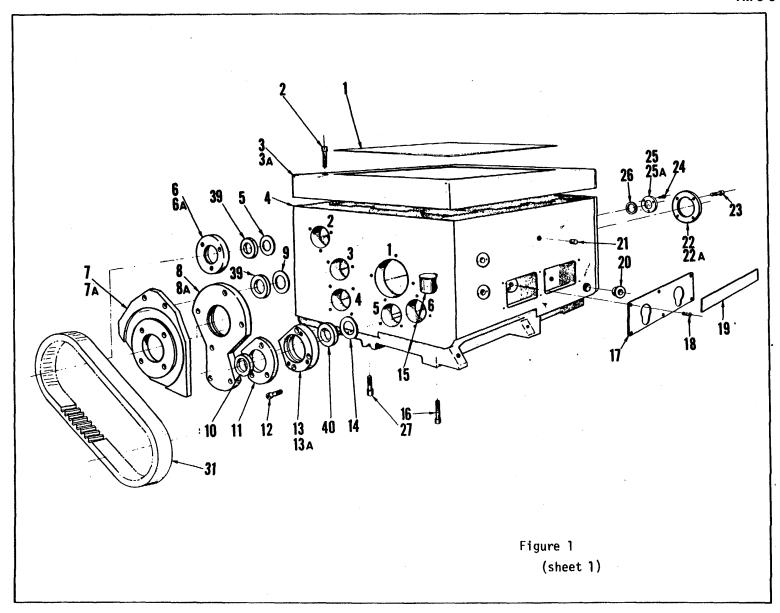
When ordering repair parts, the following information must be given for best service:

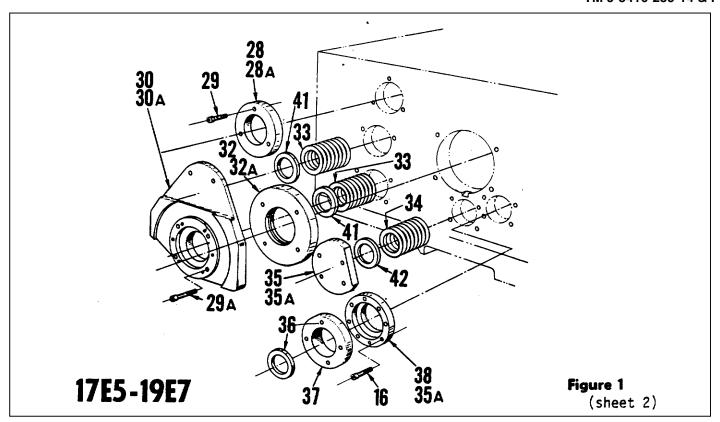
- 1. Serial number of the lathe. This can be found on the front flat at the tailstock end of the bed.
- 2. The name of the part, the key number of the part, and the page number on which the part appears in the block.

In the Repair Parts Section the 13C3 lathe is taken as the basic machine in working up the lists. Therefore, some parts on lathe of other sizes will not be identical with the illustrations.

REPAIR PARTS INDEX

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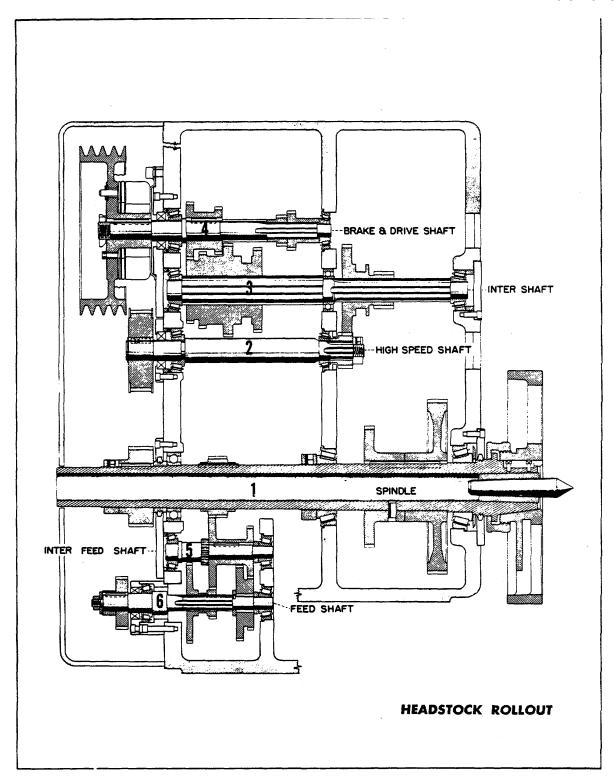


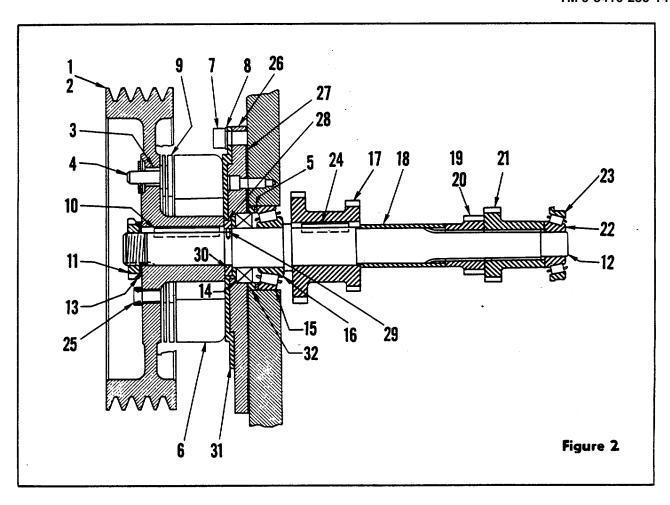


HEADSTOCK CASTING

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
1- 1	Mat, Head Cover	1	1-22	Flange, Spindle Front	1
1- 2	Screw, Socket Head	8	1-22A	Gasket, Spindle Front Flange	
1- 3	Cover, Head Top	1	1-23	Screw, Socket Head	4
1- 3A	Gasket, Head Cover	1 1	1-24	Screw, Socket Head	3
1- 4	Head	1	1-25	Plug, Inter, Shaft Front	1 1
1-5 *	Collar, High Speed Shaft Matching	1	1-25A	Gasket, Inter. Shaft Front	1 1
1-6 *	Flange, High Speed Shaft Rear	1	1-26	Spacer, Inter. Shaft	
1- 6A *	Gasket, High Speed Shaft Flange	1	1-27	Screw	
1-7 *	Flange, Drive Shaft	1	1-28	Flange, High Speed Shaft Rear	
1- 7A *	Gasket, Drive Shaft Flange	1	1-2BA	Gasket, High Speed Shaft Flange	
1-8 *	Flange, Spindle Rear	1	1-29	Screw, Socket Head	
1- 8A *	Gasket, Spindle Rear Flange	1	1-30	Flange, Drive Shaft	1 1
1-9 *	Collar, Drive Shaft Matching	2	1-30A	Gasket, Drive Shaft	1
1-10 *	Seal, Victoprene Oil	1	1-31	Belt, Timing	
1-11 *	Cap, Fd. Shaft Brg. Sleeve	1	1-32	Flange, Rear Spindle	1 1
1-12 *	Screw, Socket Head	3	1-32A	Gasket, Spindle Rear Flange	1 1
1-13 *	Sleeve, Fd. Shaft Brg	1	1-33	Shim. Drive Shaft Matching	16
1-13A *	Gasket, Fd. Shaft Brg. Sleeve	1	1-34	Shim, Inter. Feed Shaft Match	8
1-14 *	Collar, Interfd. Shaft Matching	1	1-35	Cover, Inter. Feed Shaft Brg	1 1
1-15	Oiler	1	1-35A	Gasket, Feed Shaft Sleeve	3
1-16	Screw	2	1-36	Seal, Victoprene Oil	1 1
1-17	Cover, Head Front	1	1-37	Cap, Feed Shaft Brg. Sleeve	
1-18	Screw, Button Hd. Soc. Type	6	1-38	Sleeve, Feed Shaft Bearing	1 1
1-19	Plate, Spindle Speed (Specify Speed		1-39 *	Spacer	
	Range)	1	1-40 *	Spacer	
1-20	Window Unit, Bijur Oil Level Type	1	1-41	Spacer	
1-21	Plug, C.I.	1	1-42	Spacer	1

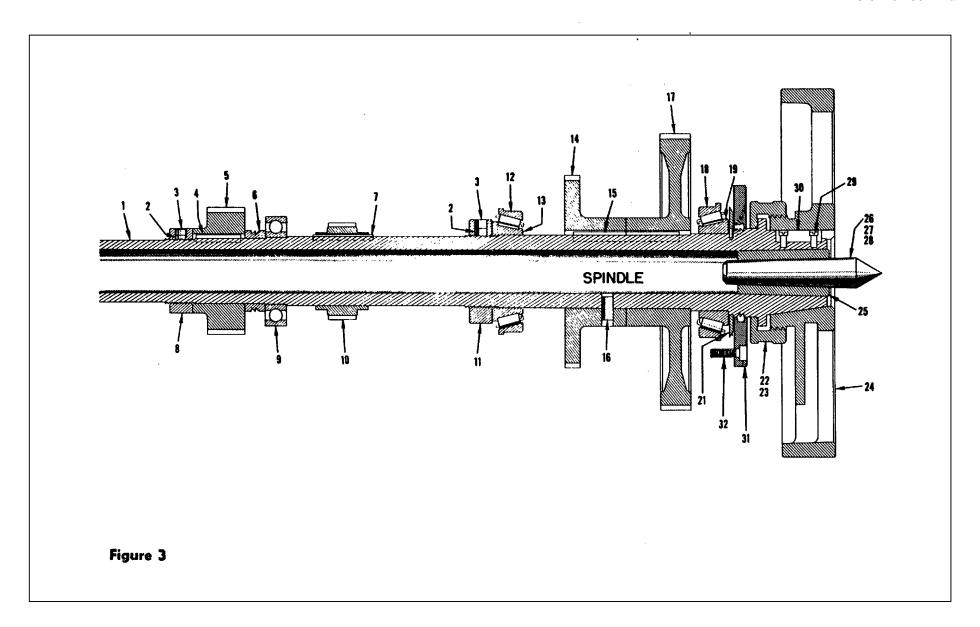
^{*} Not applicable to 19-inch lathe.





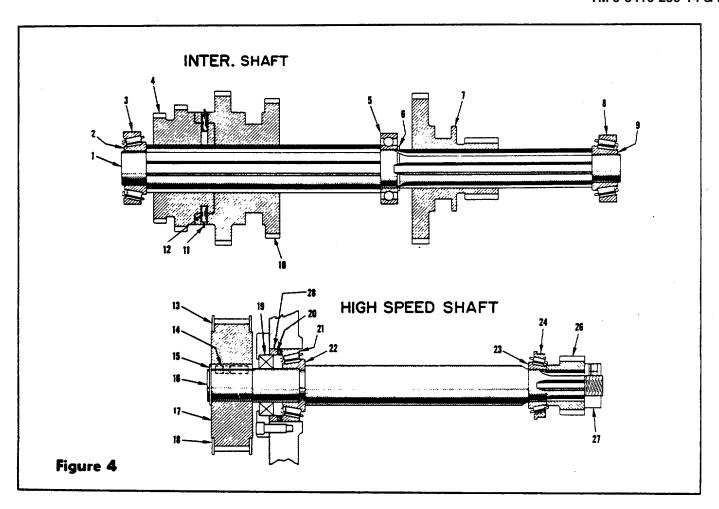
BRAKE & DRIVE SHAFT

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
2- 1	Pulley, Drive	1	2-16	Cone, Bearing #2	1
2- 2	Brake, Dyna-Torque		2-17	Gear, Drive Shaft Large	1
	Electric, Outside Mounting	1	2-18	Collar, Drive Shaft Spacing	1
2-3	Ollite Bushing		2-19	Gear, Drive Shaft Small	1
2- 4	Dyna-Torque Accessory Group		2-20	Key, Flat	1
	Including Drive Pins	1	2-21	Gear, Drive Shaft Inter	1
2- 5	Spacer, Bearing	1	2-22	Cone, Bearing #2	1
2- 6	Magnet, 90 Volt	1	2-23	Cup, Bearing #2	1
2- 7	Screw	4	2-24	Key, Flat	1
2-8	Washer	4	2-25	Screw	3
2- 9	Armature	1	2-26	Flange	1
2-10	Key, Flat	1	2-27	Gasket	1
2-11	Nut, Lock	1	2-28	Collar	1
2-12	Shaft, Drive	1	2-29	Pin	1
2-13	Washer, Lock		2-30	Sleeve	1
2-14	Seal, Victoprene Oil		2-31	Mounting Plate	1
2-15	Cup, Bearing #2		2-32	Spacer	1



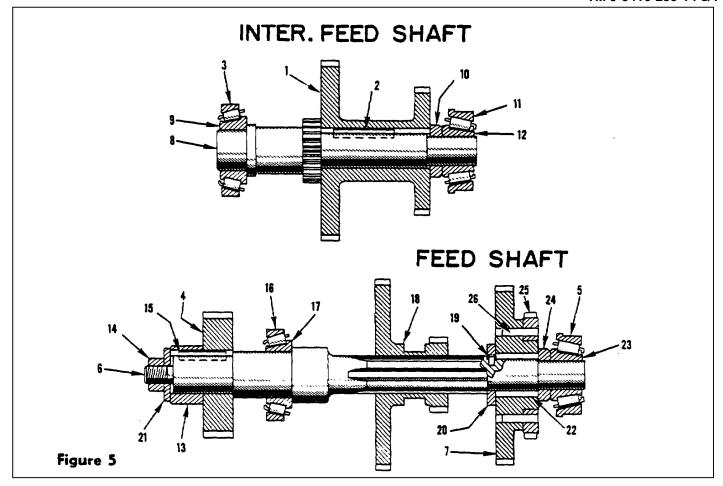
SPINDLE

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
3- 1 3- 2 3- 3	Spindle Plug Screw, Set	1 2 2	3-21 3-22 3-23	Slinger, Spindle Oil Nut, Draw Wrench, Spanner (for Draw Nut)	1
3- 4 3- 5 3- 6 3- 7 3- 8 3- 9 3-10 3-11	Key, Flat Pulley, High Speed Spindle Collar, Spindle Thrust Key, Flat Nut, Lock Bearing, MRC Ball Gear, Spindle Feed Reverse Nut, Lock	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3-24	Plate, Small Face	1 1 1 1 1 1
3-12 3-13 3-14	Cup, Bearing #3 Cone, Bearing #3 Gear, Spindle	1 1 1	3-25 3-26	9" Diam Bush, Spindle Center Center, Spindle	1 1
3-15 3-16 3-17 3-18	Key, Flat Pin, Straight Gear, Spindle Face Cup, Bearing #3	1 1 1	3-27 3-28 3-29 3-30 3-31	Center, Spindle Half	1 1 2 1 1
3-19	Cone, Bearing #3	1 3 (3-32	Screw	4



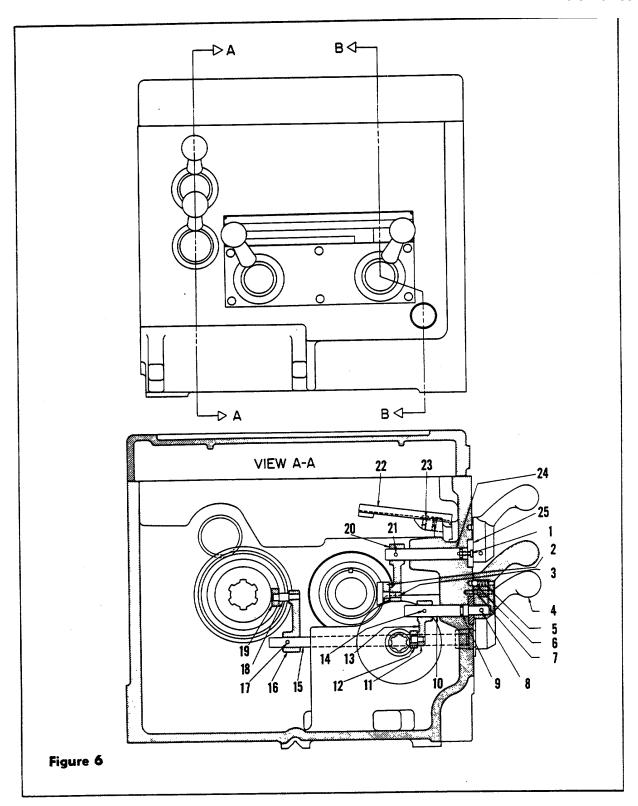
INTERMEDIATE SHAFT-HIGH SPEED SHAFT

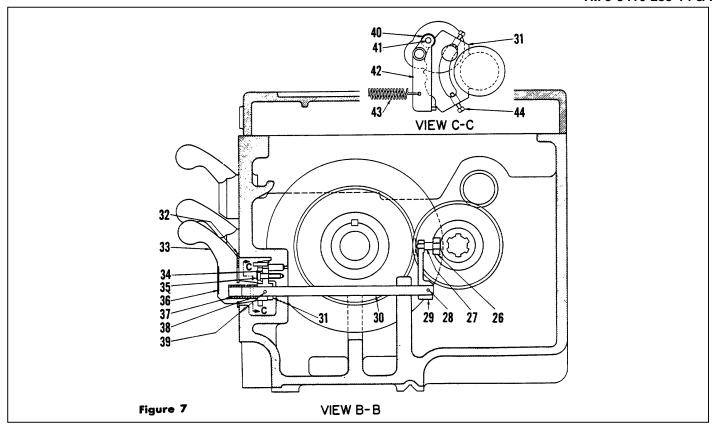
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
4- 1	Shaft, Intermediate	1	4-15	Ring, Truarc	1
4- 2	Cone, Bearing #2	1	4-16	Shaft, High Speed	1
4- 3	Cup, Bearing #2	1	4-17	Pulley. High Speed Shaft	1
4- 4	Gear, Intermediate Shaft Cluster	1	4-18	Screw. Flat Head Socket	8
4- 5	Bearing, MRC Ball	1	4-19	Seal, Victoprene Oil	1
4- 6	Ring, Truarc	1	4-20	Shim. High Speed Shaft Matching	1
4- 7	Gear, Intermediate	1	4-21	Cup, Bearing #2	1
4-8	Cup, Bearing #2	1	4-22	Cone, Bearing #2	1
4- 9	Cone, Bearing #2	1	4-23	Cone, Bearing #2	1
4-10	Gear	1	4-24	Cup, Bearing #2	1
4-11	Ring, Snap	1			
4-12	Pin	2	4-26	Pinion, High Speed Shaft	1
4-13	Flange, High Speed Shaft Pulley	2	4-27	Nut, Lock	1
4-14	Key, Flat	1	4-28	Spacer	1



INTERMEDIATE FEED SHAFT-FEED SHAFT

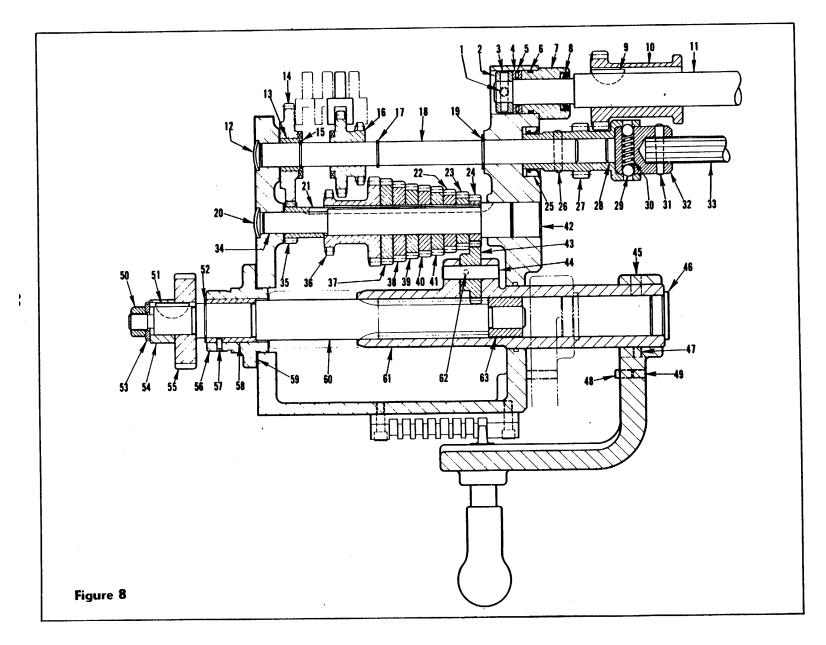
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name		
5- 1	Gear, Intermediate Feed Shaft	1	5-14	Nut. Hex	1	
5- 2	Key, Flat	1	5-15	Key. Flat	1	
5- 3	Cup, Bearing #2	1	5-16	Cup Bearing #2	1	
5- 4	Gear, Feed Change	1	5-17	Cone Bearing #2	1	
5- 5	Cup, Bearing *2	1	5-18	Gear. Feed Shaft Sliding	1	
5- 6	Shaft, Feed	1	5-19	Pin. Straight.	1	
5- 7	Gear, Feed Reverse Idler	1	5-20	Collar, Feed Reverse Idler Gear		
5- 8	Shaft, Intermediate Feed	1		Collar. Thrust	1	
5- 9	Cone, Bearing #2	1	5-21	Washer, Spec	1	
	•		5-22	Bush, Feed Reverse Idler Gear	1	
5-10	Collar, Spacing	1				
	Collar, Thrust	1	5-23	Cone, Bearing #2	1	
5-11	Cup, Bearing #2	1	5-24	Collar. Spacing	1	
5-12	Cone, Bearing #2	1	5-25	Gear	1	
5-13	Collar, Feed Shaft Change Gear	1	5-26	Pin	2	





HEADSTOCK SHIFTER SECTIONS

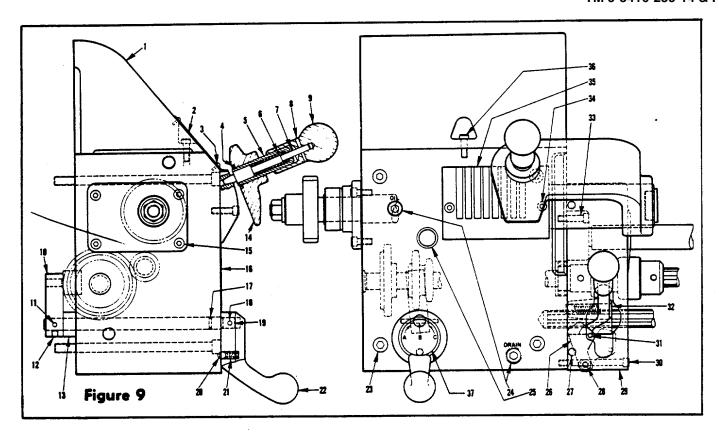
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
6- 1	Screw, Phillips Head	4	6-23	Screw, Machine	2
6- 2	Shoe, Shifter	1	6-24	Shaft, Fd. Rev. Gear Shifter	1
6- 3	Pin, Shoulder	1	6-25	Collar, Shifter Retainer	1
6- 4	Handle, Shifter	2	7-26	Shoe, Shifter Lever	1
6- 5	Spring, Detent	2	7-27	Pin, Shifter	1
6- 6	Ball	2	7-28	Pin, Taper Draw	1
6- 7	Pin	4	7-29	Lever, Shifter	1
6- 8	Pin, Taper	2	7-30	Shaft, Inter. Shaft Slid. Back Gear Shift	1
6- 9	Ring, O	2	7-31	Shifter, Ret. Yoke	2
6-10	Shaft, Feed Comp. Shifter	1	7-32	Cover. Head Front	1
6-11	Pin, Shoulder	1	7-33	Handle. Shifter	2
6-12	Shoe, Shifter Lever	1	7-34	Washer, Nylon	2
6-13	Lever, Shifter	1	7-35	Screw	2
6-14	Pin, Taper	1	7-36	Plate, Shift Handle	2
6-15	Shaft, Inter. Shaft Slid. Cluster Gear Shifter	1	7-37 7-38	CollarPin, Taper	2 2
6-16	Lever, Shifter	1	7-39	Pin, Taper	2
6-17	Pin, Taper Draw	1	7-40	Roller, Det	2
6-18	Pin, Shifter	1	7-41	Pin	2
6-19	Shoe, Shifter Lever	1	7-42	Arm	2
6-20	Lever, Shifter	1	7-43	Spring	1
6-21	Pin, Taper	1	7-44	Screw	2
6-22	Scoop, Face Gear Oil	1			



QUICK CHANGE BOX

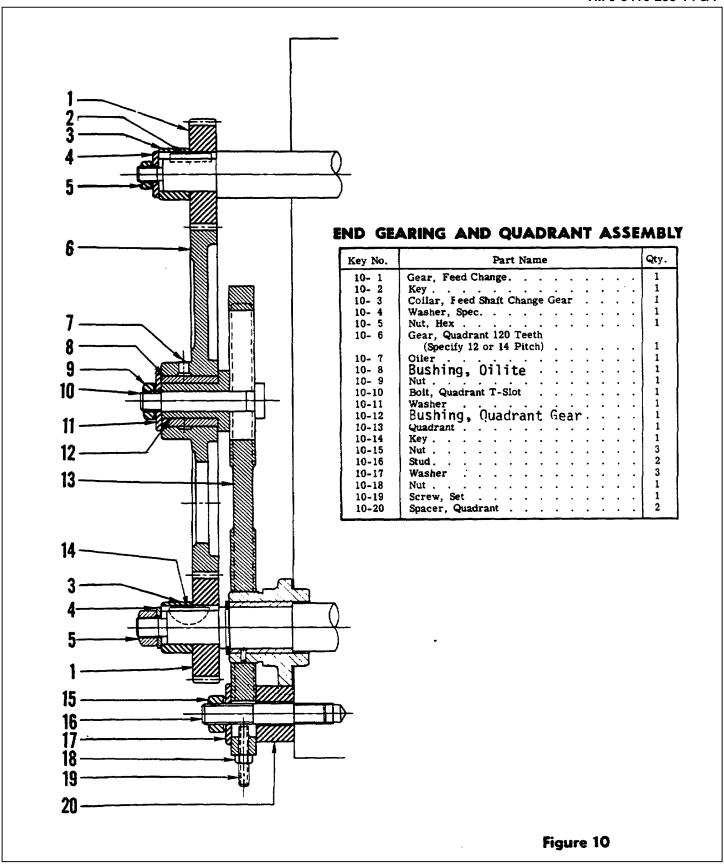
Feed Shaft - Feed Rod - Lead Screw Intermediate Shaft - Cone Shaft

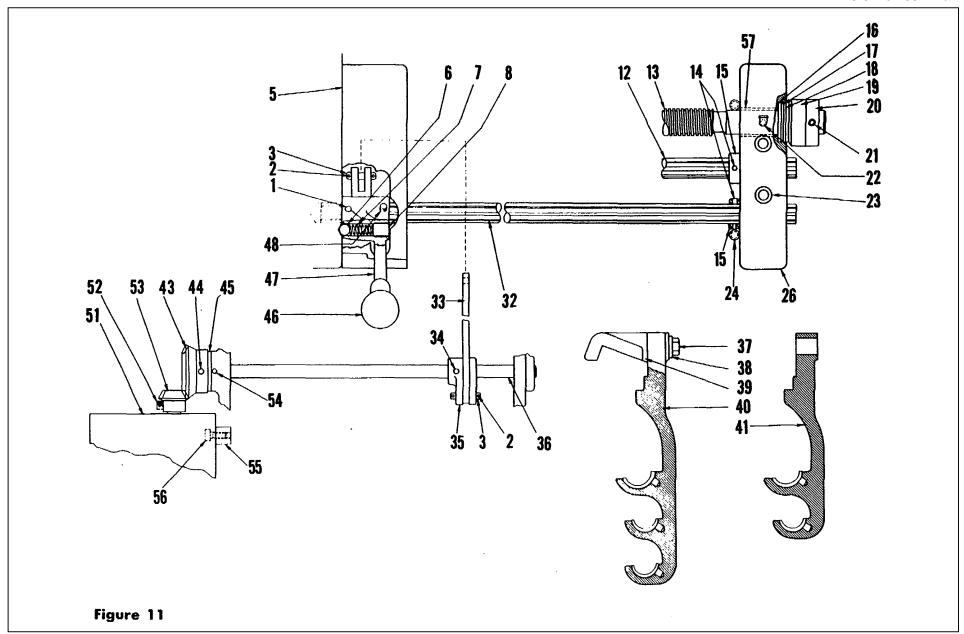
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
8- 1	Screw - Set	1	8-33	Feed Rod	1
8- 2	Collar	1	8-34	Cone Shaft	1
8-3	Pin, Taper	1	8-35	15T. Gear	
8- 4	Bearing Race	2	8-36	15T., 21T. Gear	
8- 5	Bearing	1	8-37	28T. Cone Gear	
8- 6	O Ring	1	8-38	26T. Cone Gear	
8- 7	Bushing, Lead Screw	1	8-39	24T. Cone Gear	1
8-8	Seal	1	8-40	23T. Cone Gear	1
8- 9	Key	1	8-41	22T. Cone Gear	1
8-10	Pinion, Lead Screw	1	8-42	Plug	1
8-11	Lead Screw	1	8-43	Tumbler Gear	
8-12	Plug, Expansion	1	8-44	Shaft, Tumbler Gear	
8-13	Bushing, Clutch Gear	1	8-45	Pill	
8-14	Gear. Clutch	1	8-46	Plug, Flange	
8-15	Ring, Retaining	1	8-47	Screw, Set	
8-16	Gear	1	8-48	Screw. Set	1
8-17	Ring. Retaining	1	H-49	Screw, Set	1
8-18	Feed Shaft	1	8-50	Nut	1
8-19	Ring. Retaining	1	8-51	Key	1
8-20	Plug. Expansion	1	8-52	Ring, Retaining	1
8-21	Key, Cone Gear	1	8-53	Washer	1
8-22	20T. Cone Gear	1	8-54	Collar	1
8-23	18T. Cone Gear	1	8-55	36T. Gear	1
8-24	16T. Cone Gear	1	8-56	Bushing, Box	1
8-25	Seal	1	8-57	Pin	
8-26	Pill,	1	8-58	Bearing, Plain	
8-27	Gear. Safety Clutch	1	8-59	Gasket	1
8-28	Plug	1	8-60	Drive Gear	1
8-29	Ball	2	8-61	Yoke	
8-30	Spring	1	8-62	Pin, Taper	
8-31	Pin, Taper	1	8-63	Bushing	
8-32	Collar. Safety Clutch	1			



QUICK CHANGE BOX CASTING

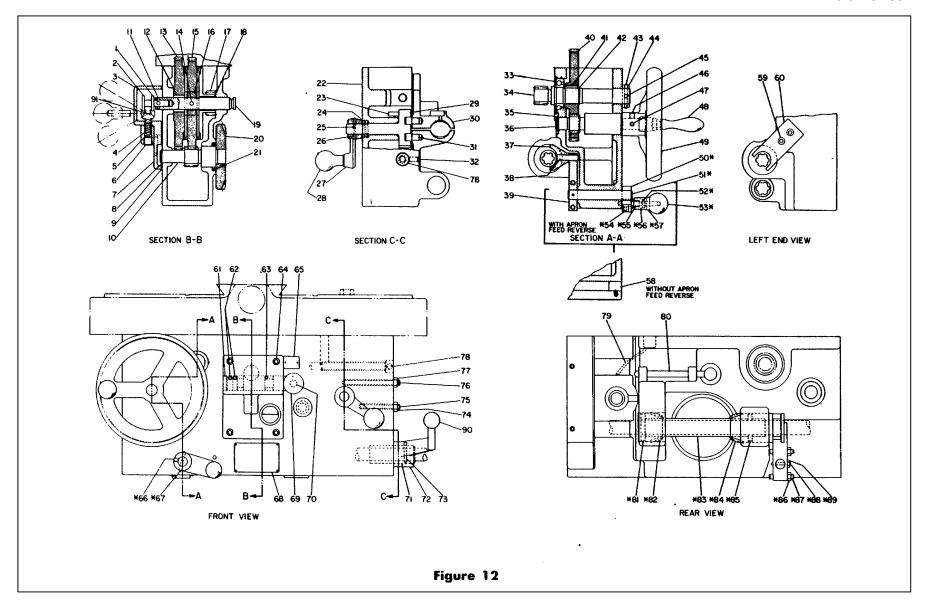
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
9- 1	Cover, Quick Change Box Top	1	9-20	Ball	1
9- 2	Index Plate	1	9-21	Spring	1
9- 3	Pin	4	9-22	Handle, Shifter	1
9- 4	Ring, Retaining	1	9-23	Screw	4
9- 5	Sleeve	1	9-24	Pipe Plug	2
9- 6	Spring	1	9-25	Window, Oil Sight	1
9- 7	Plunger, Index	1	9-26	Latch, Safety	1
9- 8	Pin, Taper	1	9-27	Pin	2
9- 9	Handle, Shifter	1	9-28	Screw	1
9-10	Arm, Shifter	1	9-29	Cover, Slip Gear	1
9-11	Pin, Taper	1	9-30	Screw	2
9-12	Screw, Set	1	9-31	Pin	1
9-13	Spacer	1	9-32	Handle, Spindle Control	1
9-14	Arm, Shifter	1	9-33	Screw	2
9-15	Screw	4	9-34	Screw	2
9-16	Quick Change Box	1	9-35	Block, Tumbler Lock	1
9-17	O Ring	1	9-36	Screw	1
9-18	Pin, Taper	1	9-37	Plate, Feed Comp	1
9-19	Shaft, Shifter	1			





SPINDLE CONTROL

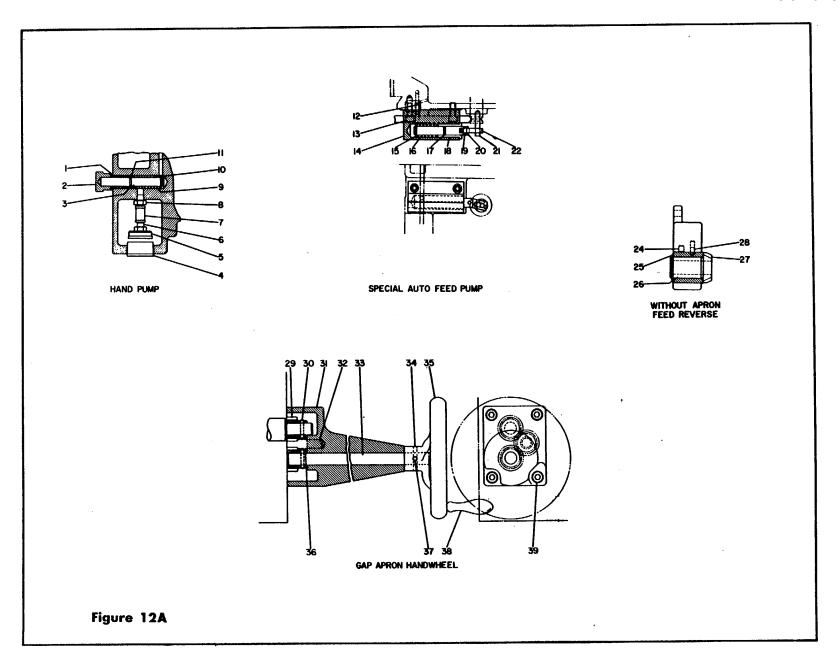
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
11- 1	Screw, Set	1	11-32	Control Rod	1
11- 2	Cotter Pin	4	11-33	Link	1
11- 3	Pin	2	11-34	Taper Pin	1
11- 5	Cover, Slip Gear	1	11-35	Shifter	1
11- 6	Ball	1	11-36	Control Rod	1
11- 7	Spring	1	11-37	Screw	1
11- 8	Set Screw	1	11-38	Washer	1
11-12	Feed Rod	1	11-39	Block	1
11-13	Lead Screw	1	11-40	Support	1
11-14	Taper, Pin	2	11-41	Support	1
11-15	Collar	2	11-43	Bevel Gear	1
11-16	Bearing Race	1	11-44	Taper Pin	1
11-17	Bearing	1	11-45	Washer	1
11-18	Bearing Race	1	11-47	Spindle Control Handle	1
11-19	Collar	1	11-48	Draw Pin	1
11-20	Nut	1	11-51	Switch	1
11-21	Set Screw	1	11-52	Set Screw	1
11-22	Oil Cup	1	11-53	Bevel Gear	1
11-23	Screw	2	11-54	Pin	1
11-24	Draw Pin	2	11-55	Spacer	1
11-26	Back Box	1	11-56	Screw	1
11-30	Snap Ring	1	11-57	Bushing	1
11-31	Sleeve	4			



APRON ASSEMBLY

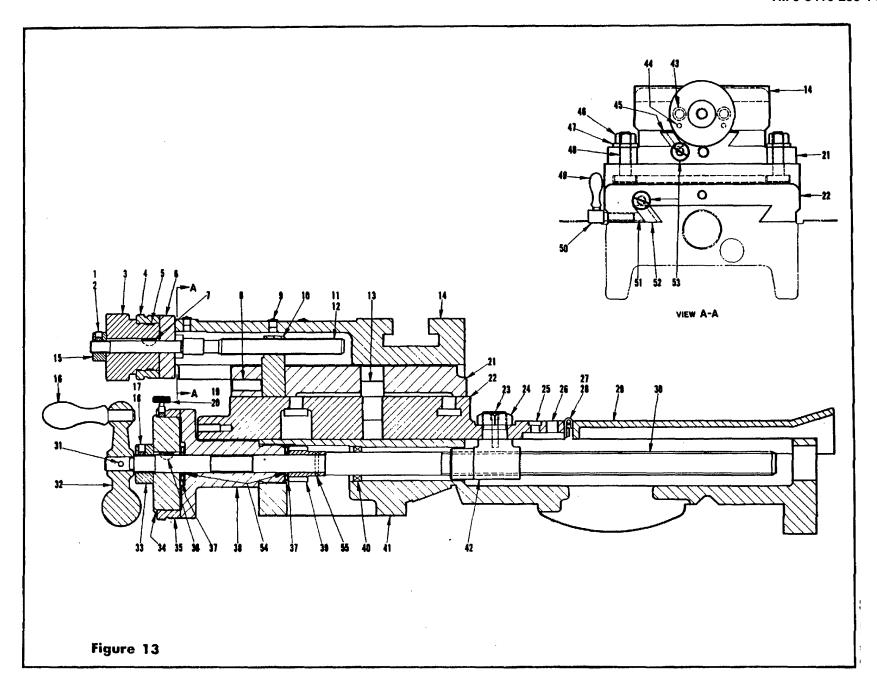
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
12- 1	Screw	1	12-31	Pin	2	12-61	Plug	1 1
12- 2	Stud	1 1	12-32	Screw	2	12-62	Screw	4
12- 3	Housing	1	12-33	Bearing- Ball	1	12-63	Pin	1
12- 4	Plunger	1	12-34	Pinion - Rack	1	12-64	Screw	2
12- 5	Spring	1	12-35	Ring - Truarc	1	12-65	Plate	1
12- 6	Plug	1	12-36	Stud- First	1	*12-66	Screw	1 1
12- 7	Window	1	12-37	Shoe	1	*12-67	Pin - Taper	1
12-8	Ring - Truarc	1	12-38	Pin	1	12-68	Plate	1
12- 9	Gasket	1	12-39	Lever	1 1	12-69	Knob	1
12-10	Shaft	1	12-40	Gear	1 1	12-70	Rod	1
12-11	Pin, Taper	1	12-41	Key	1	12-71	Sleeve	1
12-12	Bushing	1	12-42	Ring - Truarc	1 1	12-72	Handle	1
12-13	Gear	1	12-43	Pin - Taper	1 1	12-73	Pin - Taper	1
12-14	Pin	1	12-44	Collar	1 1	12-74	Nut	1
12-15	Gear	1	12-45	Screw	1 1	12-75	Screw	1
12-16	Pin	4	12-46	Screw	1 1	12-76	Screw	1
12-17	Gear	1	12-47	Pin - Taper	1 1	12-77	Nut	1
12-11	Bushing	1	12-48	Handle	1 1	12-78	Screw	2
12-19	Shaft	1	12-49	Handwheel	1 1	12-79	Tubing- Copper	1
12-20	Gear	1	*12-50	Handle	1 1	12-80	Pin - Interference	1
12-21	Seal	1	*12-51	Shaft	1 1	*12-81	Pin	2
12-22	Apron	1	*12-52	Plunger	1 1	*12-82	Pinion	1
12-23	Pin	1	*12-53	Knob	1 1	*12-83	Sleeve	1
12-24	Spring	1	*12-54	Pin	1 1	*12-84	Pinion - Shifter	1
12-25	Screw	1	*12-55	Spring	1 1	*12-85	Pin	2
12-26	Pin	1	*12-56	Sleeve	1 1	*12-86	Nut	2
12-27	Handle	1	*12-57	Pin - Taper	1 1	*12-87	Screw	2
12-28	Knob	1	12-58	Plug - Without Feed Reverse	1	*12-88	Pin - Draw	1
12-29	Cam	1	12-59	Screw	2	*12-89	Nut	1
12-30	Hal Nut	1	12-60	Block - Trip	1	12-90	Knob	1
12-91	Shaft	1		,				

^{*} Used With Apron Feed Reverse Only



APRON ASSEMBLY

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
12A- 1	Rushing	1	12A-21	Pin	1
12A- 1 12A- 2	Bushing Knob	1	12A-21	Connector	
12A- 2 12A- 3		1	12A-22 12A-24		
I	Piston	1		Screw	
12A- 4	Plug	1	12A-25	Ring - Truacr	
12A- 5	Filter	1	12A-26	Bushing - Pinion	1
12A- 6	Nipple	1	12A-27	Pinion - Bevel	1
12A- 7	Coupling	1	12A-28	Pin	1
12A- 8	Valve - Check	1	12A-29	Pinion	1
12A- 9	Spring	1	12A-30	Pin - Taper	1
12A-10	Ring - Truarc	1	12A-31	Housing	1
12A-11	Cup Huva	1	12A-32	Pin	1
12A-12	Screw	1	12A-33	Shaft	1
12A-13	Screw	2	12A-34	Pin - Tape	1
12A-14	Block - Pump	1	12A-35	Handwheel	
12A-15	Ring - Truarc	1	12A-36	Bearing - Bronze	1
12A-16	Spring	1	12A-37	Screw	
12A-17	Ring- O	1	12A-38	Handle	1
12A-18	Bushing	1	12A-39	Screw	4
12A-19	Pin	1	12A-40	Pin	2
12A-19 12A-20	Piston	1	12/1-40	1 111	-

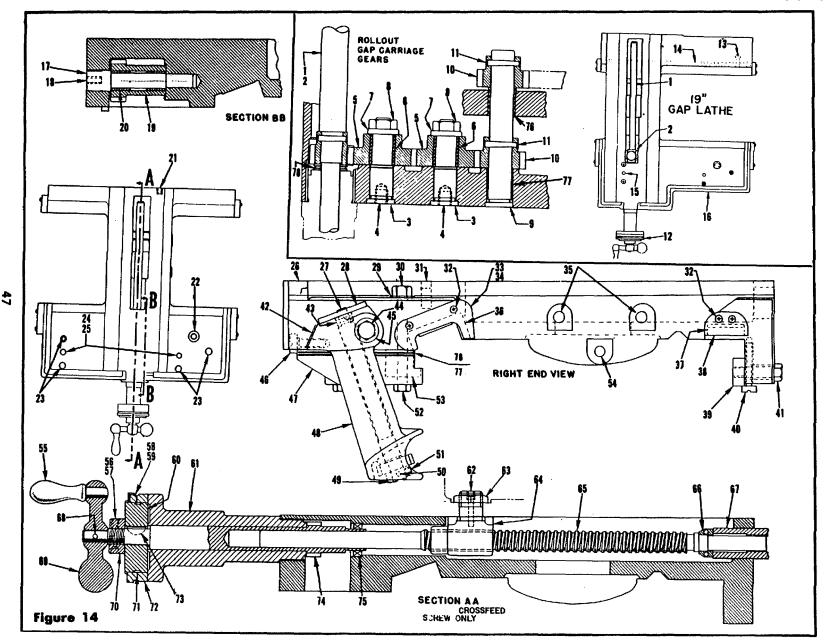


COMPOUND REST

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
13- 1	Screw, Set	1	13-28	Screw, Special Socket Head	4
13- 2	Plug	1	13-29	Guard, Dirt	1
13- 3	Bushing, Graduated Collar	1	*13-30	Screw, Crossfeed (English)	1
13- 4	Collar, Graduated (English)	1		(Metric)	1
	(Metric)	1	*13-31	Pin, Taper	
13- 5	Spring	1	*13-32	Handle	
13- 6	Bushing, Top Slide	1	*13-33	Nut, Lock	1
13- 7	Key	1	*13-34	Hub, Graduated Collar	1
13- 8	Screw, Set	1	*13-35	Collar, Graduated (English)	1
13- 9	Oiler	4		(Metric)	1
13-10	Nut, Top Slide (English)	1	*13-36	Key	
	(Metric)	1	*13-37	Bearing, Needle	
13-11	Screw, Top Slide (English)	1	*13-38	Bushing, Crossfeed	
	(Metric)	1	*13-39	Pinion, Crossfeed Screw	
13-12	Collar	1	*13-40	Clipper Seal	1
13-13	Pin, Shoulder	1	*13-41	Carriage	1
13-14	Slide, Top	1	*13-42	Nut, Crossfeed Screw (English)	1
13-15	Nut, Lock	1		(Metric)	1
*13 -16	Handle	1	13-43	Screw, Top Slide Bushing	
*13-17	Screw, Set	1	13-44	Pin, Spiral	
*13-18	Plug	1	+13-45	Gib, Top Slide	
*13-19	Screw	1	13-46	Nut, Hex	
*13-20	Plug	1	13-47	Washer	2
13-21	Slide, Swivel	1	13-48	Bolt, T-Slot	2
13-22	Slide, Bottom	1	13-49	Handle	
*13-23	Screw, Set	1	13-51	Plug	1
13-25	Plug (Not used when Taper Attachment is furnished)	1	+13-52	Gib, Bottom Slide	
13-26	Plug (Not used when Taper Attachment is furnished)	1	13-53	Screw, Gib	1
13-27	Hinge, Dirt Guard	1	13-54	Bearing, Pilot	1
13-55	Pin, Taper	1		_	

^{*} These parts are not applicable.

^{*} Gibs are furnished slightly oversize, Customer to lit an cut to suit on assembly.

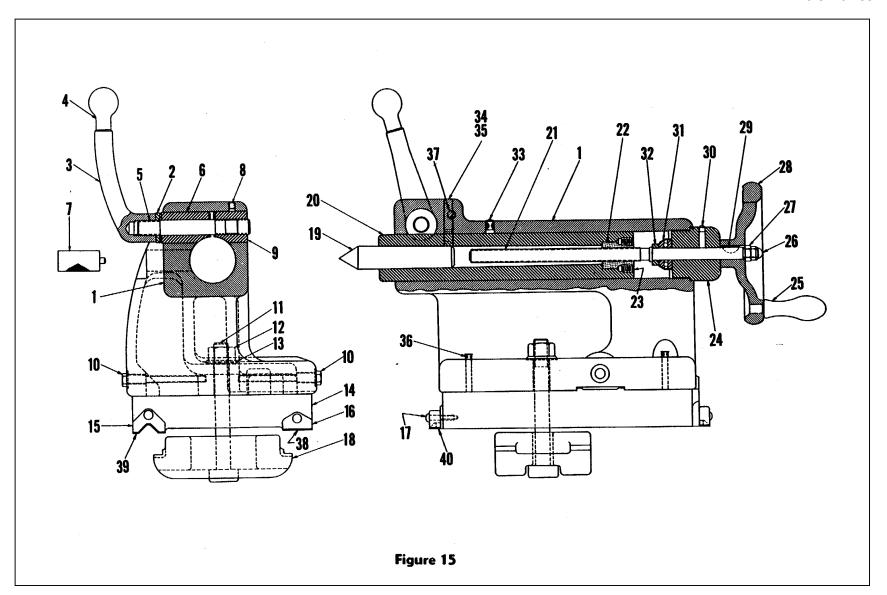


17ES AND 19E7 PLAIN AND SLIDING BED GAP LATHES ROLL-OUT OF GAP LATHE CARRIAGE & CROSS FEED SCREW

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
14- 1	Screw, Cross Feed (Without Taper Attachment - English) (Without Taper Attachment - Metric) (With Taper Attachment - English) (With Taper Attachment - Metric) Nut, Cross Feed (With or Without Taper Attachment - English) (With or Without Taper Attachment - Metric)	1 1 1	14- 3 14- 4 14- 5 14- 6 14- 7 14- 8 14- 9 14-10 14-11	Stud, Cross Feed Intermediate Gear	2 2 2 2 1 2 2	14-12 14-13 14-14 14-15 14-16 14-76 14-77 14-78	Collar, Graduated (With or Without Taper Attachment- English) (With or Without Taper Attachment- Metric) Screw, Hex Cap Gib, Rear Pin, Taper Carriage Bushing, Shaft Cross Feed Bushing, Shaft Cross Feed Bearing, Cross Feed	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2

CARRIAGE AND CHASING DIAL

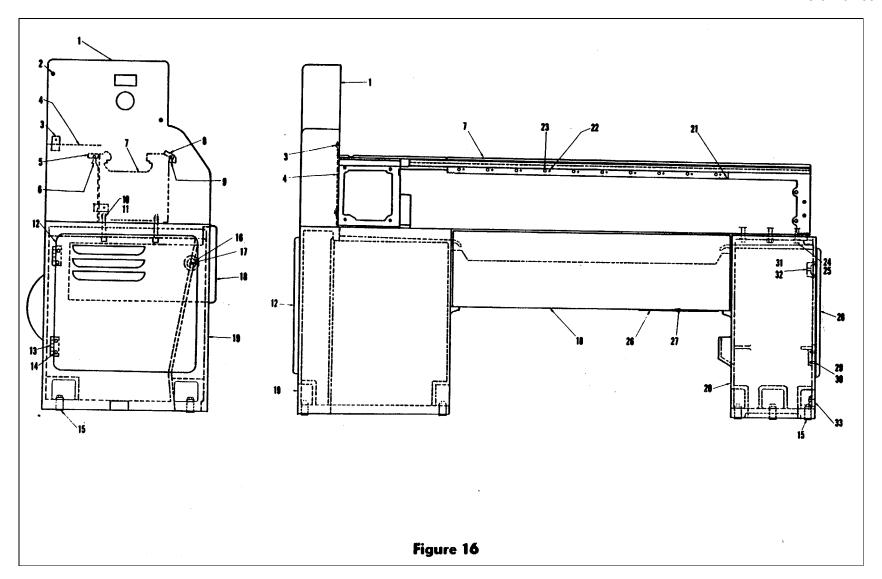
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
4447	0: 111	,	44.40	0 01		44.04	D 1 0	
14-17	Stud, Idler Pinion	1	14-40	Screw, Gib	2	14-61	Bush, Cross Feed (English)	
14-18	Screw, Set	1	14-41	Screw, Hex Cap	2		(Metric)	
14-19	Pinion, Idler	1	14-42	Plate, Chasing Dial Instruction	1	14-62	Screw, Set	1 1
14-20	Bush, Oiler	2	14-43	Pin, Taper	1	14-63	Nut, Special Hex	1
14-21	Pipe, Plug	1	14-44	Screw, Cap	1	14-64	Nut, Cross Feed Screw (English)	1
14-22	Screw	1	14-45	Washer	1		(Metric)	1
14-23	Screw	4	14-46	Screw, Gib	2	14-65	Cross Feed Screw (English)	1
14-24	Pin	2	* 14-47	Gib, Carriage Front	2		(Metric)	1
14-25	Plug	1	14-48	Bracket, Dial	1	14-66	Bearing, Thrust (W/Taper Attach)	
14-26	Carriage	1	14-49	Wheel, Chasing Dial Worm	1	14-67	Shoe, Carriage (W/Taper Attach)	1
14-27	Shaft Bracket	1	14-50	Pin, Taper	1	14-68	Pin, Taper	1
14-28	Dial	1	14-51	Screw, Set	1	14-69	Handle	1
14-29	Washer	1	14-52	Screw, Hex Cap	4	14-70	Nut, Lock	1
14-30	Screw, Hex Cap	1	14-53	Clamp, Carriage	1	14-71	Spring	
14-31	Plug	1	14-54	Screw	1	14-72	Collar, Graduated (English)	
14-32	Screw, Round Head Mach	8		The following parts are for 17"			(Metric)	1
14-33	Wiper, Shear Front Right Hand	1		and 19" Cross Feed Screw Only		14-73	Key	1
14-34	Wiper, Shear Front Left Hand	1	14-55	Handle	1	14-74	Sleeve, Pinion	1
14-35	Screw	2	14-56	Screw, Set	2	14-75	Clipper Seal	1
*14-36	Neoprene	2	14-57	Plug	2	14-76	Shim002	A.R.
*14-37	Neoprene	2	14-58	Screw	1	14-76	Shim005	A.R.
14-38	Wiper, Shear Rear	2	14-59	Plug	1			
*14-39	Gib, Carriage Rear	2	14-60	Bush, Graduated Collar	1			



TAILSTOCK

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
15- 1	Top, Tailstock	1	15-21	Screw, Spindle	1
15- 2	Washer	1	15-22	Nut, Tailstock	1
15- 3	Handle, Binder	1	15-23	Screw, Set	
15- 4	Handle, Ball	1	15-24	Cap, Tailstock	
15- 5	Stud. Tailstock	1	15-25	Handle, Ball	
15- 6	Bushing, Upper Binder	1	15-26	Nut, Acorn	
15- 7	Key, Plug	1	15-27	Nut, Hex	
15-8	Pin Stop	1	15-28	Handwheel	1
15- 9	Bushing, Lower Binder	1	15-29	Key, Woodruff	1
15-10	Screw, Hex Cap	1	15-30	Oiler	1
15-11	Bolt, Rough	1	15-31	Bearing, Ball	1
15-12	Nut, Hex	1	15-32	Collar, Spindle Screw	1
15-13	Washer	1	15-33	Oiler	1
15-14	Bottom, Tailstock	1	15-34	Screw, Set	2
15-15	Wiper, Rear Shear	2	15-35	Plug, Brass	2
15-16	Wiper, Front Shear	2	15-36	Oiler	2
15-17	Screw	4	15-37	Pin Stop	1
15-18	Clamp, Tailstock	1	* 15-38	Front Neoprene	1
15-19	Center, Spindle	1	* 15-39	Rear Neoprene	1
15-20	Spindle, Tailstock	1	15-40	Felt	2

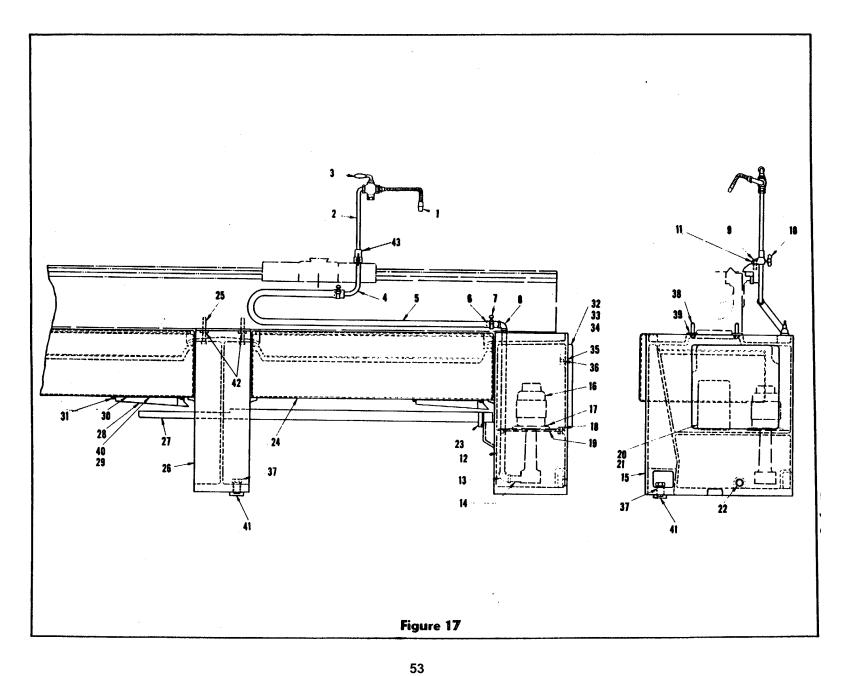
^{*} Neoprene is furnished slightly oversize. Customer to fit and cut to suit on assembly.



BED, PAN, LEGS & HEAD END COVER

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
16- 1	Cover, Feed Gear	1	16-18	Pan (Specify Center Capacity)	
16- 2	Screw, Socket Head Cap	3	16-19	Leg, Head End Cabinet	1
16- 3	Screw, Hex Head Cap	3	16-20	Leg, Tail End Cabinet	1
16- 4	Plate, Head Feed Cover Back	1	16-21	Rack, (Specify Center Capacity)	.Var No
16- 5	Shear, Rear (Specify Center Capacity)	1	16-22	Pin, Taper	. Var No
16- 6	Screw	Var No	16-23	Screw	. Var No
16- 7	Bed, (Specify Length)	1	16-24	Screw, (Tail End Leg to Bed)	6
16-8	Shear, Front (Specify Center Capacity)	1	16-25	Washer	6
16- 9	Screw	Var No	16-26	Plate, (1 - For Each Dry Pan)	1
16-10	Screw, (Head End Leg To Bed)	4	16-27	Screw, (2 - For Each Dry Pan)	2
16-11	Washer	4	16-28	Door, Tail End Leg	1
16-12	Door, Head End Leg	1	16-29	Hinge, Door	
16-13	Hinge, Door	2	16-30	Screw	4
16-14	Screw	4	16-31	Magnet, Alnico Carboloy	1
16-15	Screw, Leveling (Head and Tail Legs)	7	16-32	Screw, Machine Flat Head	
16-16	Magnet, Alnico Corboloy	1	16-33	Plug, Pipe	
16-17	Screw, Brass Machine Flat Head				

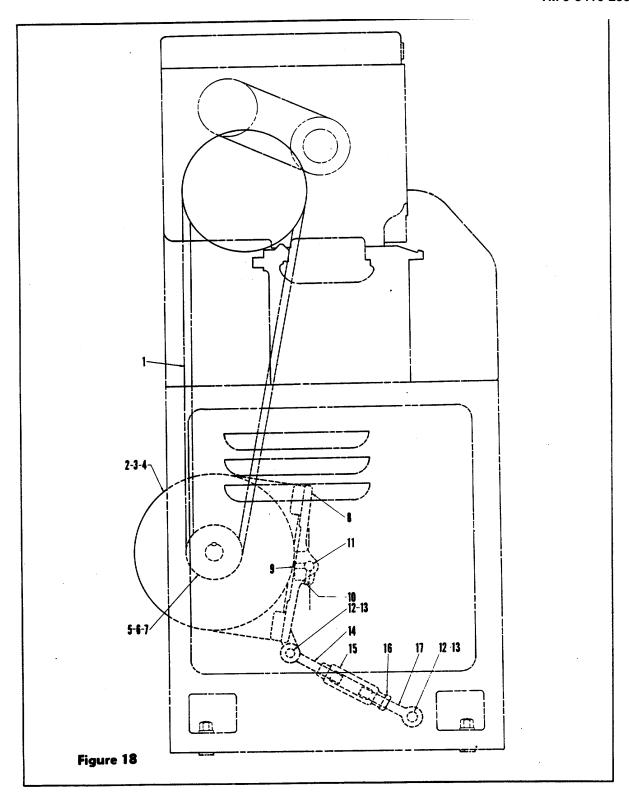
IMPORTANT-Include serial number of your lathe when ordering repair parts.



TAIL CABINET LEG, CENTER LEG TROUGH, COOLANT PUMP WITH PIPING

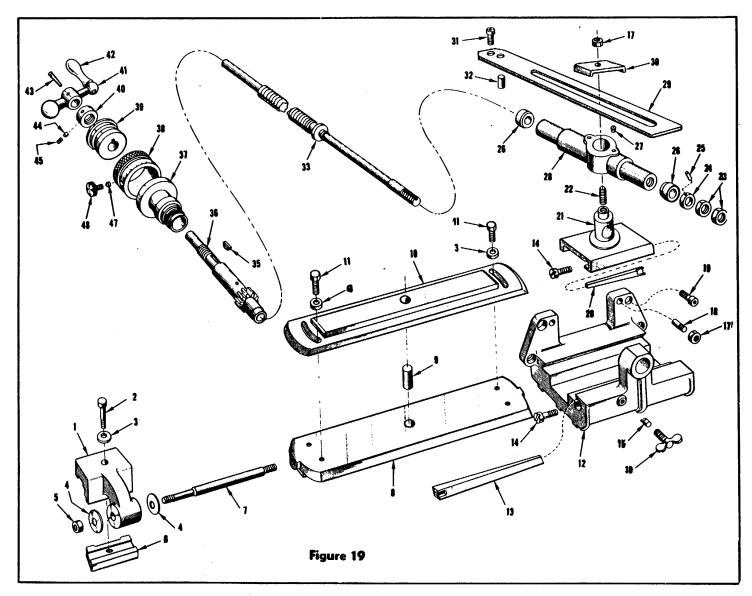
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
17- 1	Spout, Flexible Coolant	1	17-22	Plug, Pipe	1
17- 2	Pipe, Distributor	1	17-23	Screw, Blnding Head Machine	
17- 3	Cock, Stop	1	17-24	Pan, (Specify Center Capacity)	1-3
17- 4	Pipe, Distributor	1	17-25	Screw, Socket Hd Cap (Middle Leg to Bed)	4
17- 5	Hose, Rubber (Cut to Suit)	1	17-26	Leg, Middle	1-2
17- 6	Nipple	1	17-27	Trough, Coolant (Specify Length)	1
17- 7	Clamp, Hose	2	17-28	Spout, Drain	
17- 8	Elbow, 90°	1	17-29	Screw, (Each Strainer)	
17- 9	Screw, Hex Cap	1	17-30	Gasket, Drain Spout	
17-10	Screw, Thumb	1	17-31	Screw	9
17-11	Bracket	1	17-32	D o or	1
17-12	Pipe, (Cut to Suit)	1	17-33	Hinge, Door	2
17-13	Elbow, Reducing 90°	1	17-34	Screw	4
17-14	Nipple	1	17-35	Magnet, Alnico	1
17-15	Leg, Tail End Cabinet	1	17-36	Screw, Brass Machine Flat Head	
17-16	Pump, (Specify HP, voltage & Cycles)	1	17-37	Screw, Leveling (Specify Middle or Tail Leg)	.Var No
17-17	Screw, (Pump to Plate)	4	17-38	Screw	1
17-18	Screw, Hex Cap	2	17-39	Washer	1
17-19	Plate, Pump Support	1	17-40	Strainer	1
17-20	Cover, Reservoir Hole (With Pump)	1	17-41	Leveling Plate	.Var No
17-21	Cover, Reservoir Hole (Without Pump)	1	17-42	Washers (Middle Leg)	
17-43	Coupling	1		. 5	

IMPORTANT-Include serial number of your lathe when ordering repair parts.



MOTOR DRIVE & MOUNTING ASSEMBLY

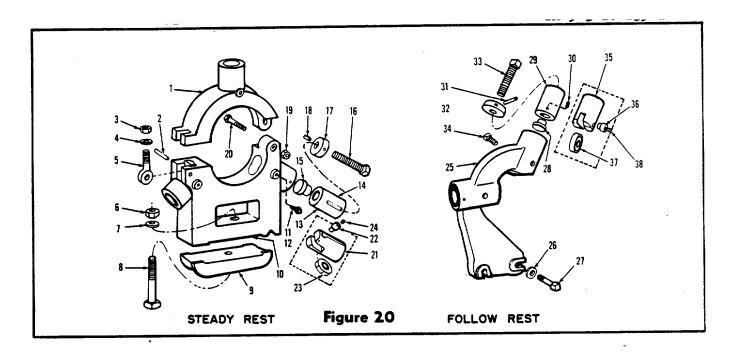
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
18- 1	V-Belt, Gates	3
18- 2	Motor, A-C New Nema Frame Number Specify Current. Voltage, Horsepower,	
	Phase & Cycle	1
18- 3	Screw	4
18- 4	Washer	4
18- 5	Pulley, Motor	
	Specify Cycle, Horsepower & Speed	
	Range Desired	1
18- 6	Key 1	
18- 7	Screw, Set	1
18- 8	Plate, Motor	1
18- 9	Screw, Set	
18-10	Screw, Set	1
18-11	Stud, Motor Plate	
18-12	Pin, Link	
18-13	Pin, Cotter	
18-14	Bolt Eye, Left Hand Thread	
18-15	Turnbuckle	1
18-16	Nut, Hex	1
18-17	Bolt Eye, Right Hand Thread	1



TAPER ATTACHMENT

et, Bed , Hex Hd. Cap er er er ex b, Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel suide (English) suide (Metric) , Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric)	1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1	19-27 19-28 19-29 19-30 19-31 19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Oilier Shoe, Carriage Bar, Taper Attachment Draw
r, Hex Hd. Cap er er er lex b, Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 1	19-28 19-29 19-30 19-31 19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Shoe, Carriage Bar, Taper Attachment Draw
er er er ex b, Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	3 2 1 1 1 2 1	19-29 19-30 19-31 19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Bar, Taper Attachment Draw
er ex b, Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	2 1 1 1 2 1 1	19-30 19-31 19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Plate, Guide Bar Clamp Screw, Sock Hd. Cap
ex P. Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Extra Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	1 1 1 2 1 1	19-31 19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Screw, Sock Hd. Cap
o, Bed Bracket Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	2 1 1	19-32 19-33 19-35 19-36	Screw, Sock Hd. Cap
Bed Bracket Clamp Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Ilide Gib	2 1 1	19-33 19-35 19-36 19-37	Pin Screw, Cross Feed (English) 1 (Metric) Key Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (English) Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric) Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (English) Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric)
Taper Attachment Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric) Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) Cross Feed Screw (Metric) Itide Guide	2 1 1	19-35 19-36 19-37	Key Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (English)
Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric)	1 1 1	19-36 19-37	Key Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (English)
Guide Bar Swivel Guide (English) Guide (Metric)	1 1 1	19-36 19-37	Key Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (English). Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric) Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (English)
cuide (English) cuide (Metric) , Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric)	1 1 1	19-36 19-37	Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (English). Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric)
cuide (Metric) , Hex Cap Cross Feed Screw (English) et, Taper Attachment Slide Cross Feed Screw (Metric)	1 1 1	19-37	Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric)
, Hex Cap	1 1 1		Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric)
Cross Feed Screw (English)	1 1 1		Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric
Cross Feed Screw (Metric)			Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric
Cross Feed Screw (Metric)	4	19-38	Bush, Cross Feed Pinion (Metric
lide, Gib	4	19-38	
, Gib	l 4		
	1 7		Collar, Graduated (Metric)
Slide Gib 1-2	1	19-39	Hub, Graduated Collar (English)
, Thumb	1		Hub, Graduated Collar (Metric)
ex	3	19-40	Nut, Lock
raw	2	19-41	Handle .Ball
, Sock. Hd. Cap	4	19-41	Handle, Ball
uide Bar Shoe	1	19-43	Pin, Taper.
guide Bar ho	1	19-44	Plug
Carriage Shoe	1	19-45	Screw
HexLock			
V	2		
Carriage Shoe	1		
lex Lock	2	19-47	Plug
, Cross feed Screw	1	19-48	Screw
Straight			
	2		
	Carriage Shoe	7. 2 Carriage Shoe . 1 Iex Lock . 2 , Cross feed Screw . 1 traight . 1	7. 2 Carriage Shoe . 1 lex Lock . 2 19-47 , Cross feed Screw . 1 19-48 traight . 1 10-48

^{*}Gibs are furnished slightly oversize. Customer to fit and cut to suit on assembly.



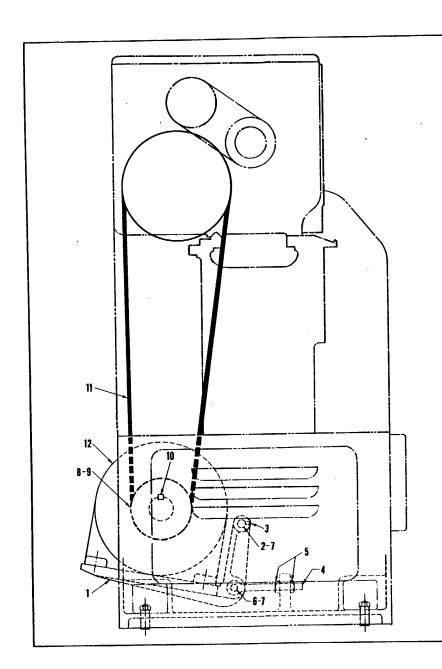
STEADY REST CAPACITY

17E5 & 19E7 1/2" to 6"

FOLLOW REST CAPACITY

17E5 & 19E7 1/2" to 3 3/4"

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
20- 1	Top, Steady Rest	1	20-20	Screw, Hex Cap	1
20- 2	Pin, Straight	1	20-21	Jaw, Roller	3
20- 3	Nut	1	20-22	Stud	3
20- 4	Washer	1	20-23	Roller	3
20- 5	Bolt, Eye	1	20-24	Oilier	3
20- 8	Nut	1	20-25	Rest, Follow.	1 1
20- 7	Washer	1	20-26	Washer	2
20- 8	Bolt, Rough	1	20-27	Screw, Hex Cap	2
20- 9	Clamp, Steady Rest	1	20-28	Tip, Bronze	2
20-10	Bottom, Steady Rest	1	20-29	Jaw, Follow Rest	2
20-11	Screw, Sq. Hd. Set (Brz. Tip Jaws)	3	20-30	Screw, Set	2
20-12	Screw, Sq. Hd. Set (Roller Jaws)	3	20-31	Pin, Straight	4
20-13	Screw, Set	3	20-32	Collar, Jaw Adj. Screw	2
20-14	Jaw, Steady Rest	3	20-33	Screw, Sq. Hd. Set	2
20-15	Tip, Bronze	3	20-34	Screw, Sq. Hd. Set	2
20-16	Screw, Sq. Hd. Set	3	20-35	Jaw, Roller	2
20-17	Collar, Jaw Adj. Screw	3	20-36	Stud	2
20-18	Pin, Straight	6	20-37	Roller	2
20-19	Nut	1	20-38	Oilier	2



Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
21- 1	Plate, Motor	1
21- 2	Shaft, Motor Plate	1
21- 3	Screw, Set	2
21- 4	Bolt, Eye	1
21- 5	Nut, Hex	2 1 2
21- 6	Pin, Link	1 1
21- 7	Cotter Pin (3/4" Long)	2
21- 8	Pulley, Motor 3" P. D. 1-1/8"	<u> </u>
	Hole (New nema frame) for 50	l
	Cy. 3 & 5 HP & 25 Cy. 3 HP	1
21- 9	Pulley, Motor 3" P. D. 1-1/8"	
	Hole (New nema frame) for 50	
	Cy. 3 & 5 HP & 25 Cy. 3 HP	1
	Pulley, Motor 3" P.D. 1-1/8"	1
	Hole (New nema frame) for 60	i
	Cv. 3 & 5 HP	1
	Pulley, Motor 3.6" P.S. 1-3/8"	1
	Hole (New nema frame) for 25	
	Cy. 5 HP	1
21-10	Key	1
21-11	V-Belt, Gates	4
21-12	Motor, A-C New Nema Frame	1
	Number (Specify current voltage,	1
	horsepower & cycle to suit order).	1

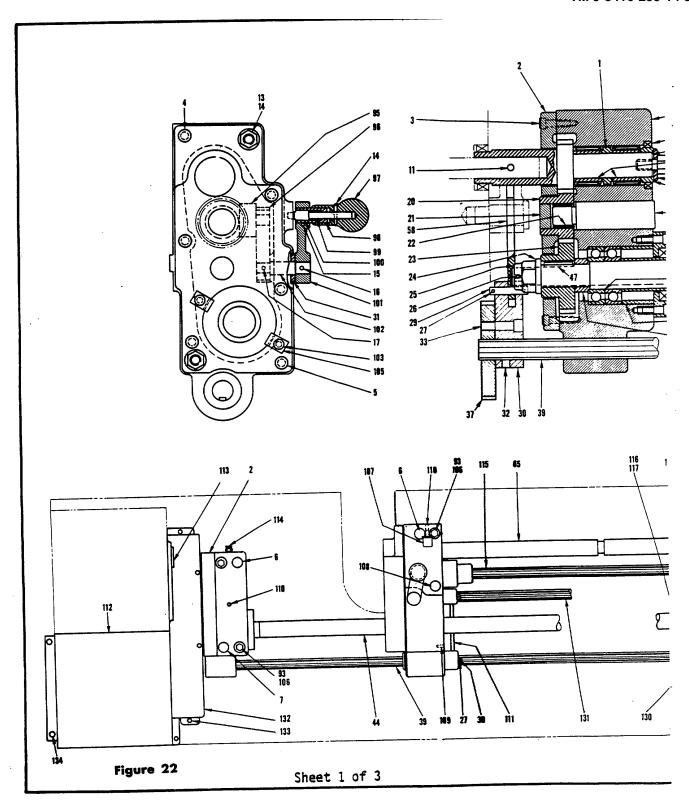
MOTOR DRIVE

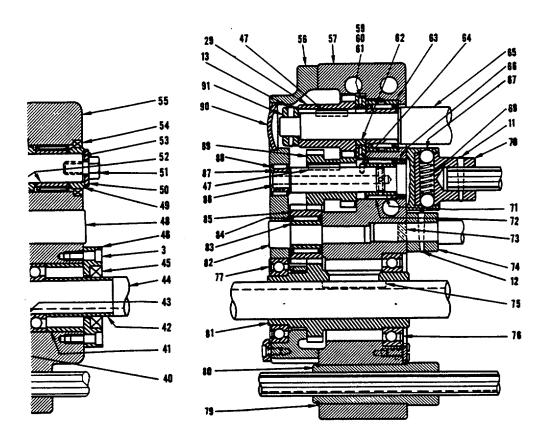
SLIDING BED GAP LATHE ONLY

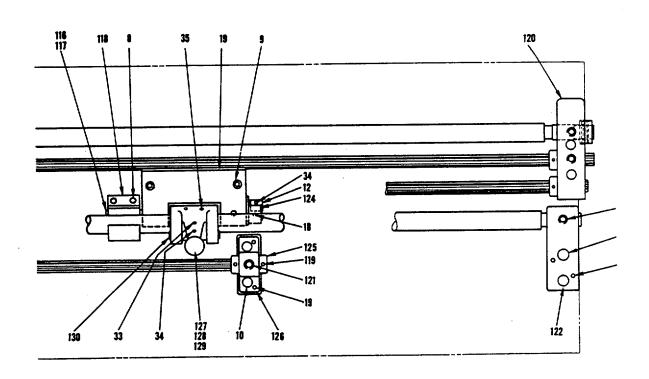
Figure 21

$$\operatorname{\textsc{TM}}$$ 9-3416-239-14 & P GEARED FEED, TRAVERSE DRIVE AND SWITCH CONTROL ASSEMBLIES 17E5 AND 1917 SLIDING BED GAP

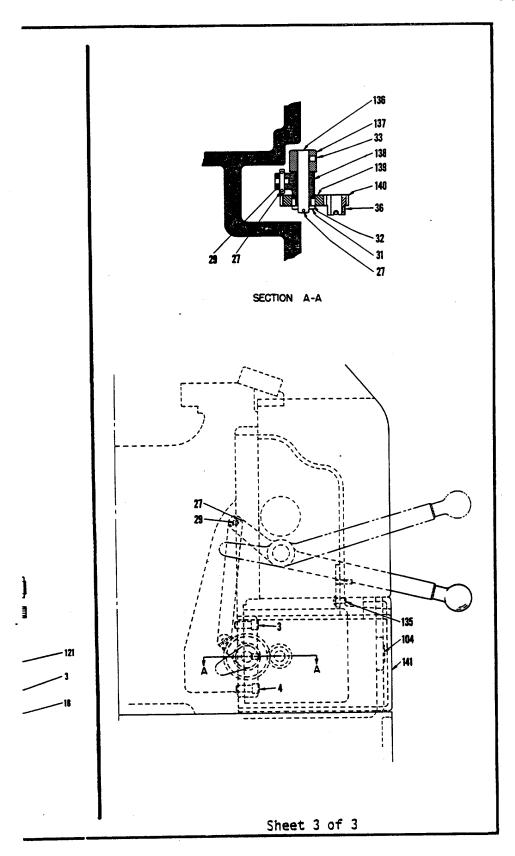
Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
22-1	Spacer	1	22-72	Brg	1
22- 2	Plate, Bottom Bed Bracket	1	22-73	Plug	1
22- 3	Screws, Soc. Hd. Cap	14	22-74	Lever, Upper	1 1
22- 4	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	1	22-75	Key	1
22-5	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap.	5	22-76	Ball, Brg	1
22-6	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	3	22-77	Ball, Brg	i
22-7	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	1	22-79	Ring, Snap Truarc	
22- 8	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	.2	22-79	1	
22- 9	! · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	H		
-	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	1 '	22-81	· ·	
22-10	Screw, Soc. Hd. Cap	2	22-82	Stud, Idler]
22-11	Pin, Taper	2	22-83	Race, Inner] 1
22-12	Pin, Taper	1	22-84	Brg	1
22-13	Nut	2	22-85	Gear, Idler	1
22-14	Pin, Taper	1	22-86	Stud, Feed Rod Drive	1
22-15	Pin, Taper	1	22-87	Race, Inner	1
22-16	Pin, Taper	1	22-88	Brg	1
22-17	Pin, Taper	1	22-89	Gear, Feed Rod Drive	1
22-18	Pin, Taper	3	22-90	Plug, Expansion	1 1
22-19	Pin, Taper	4	22-91	Collar	1 1
22-20	Gear, Idler	Ιi	22-93	Nut	5
22-21	Plug, Idler Gear	Ιi	22-95	Shoe, Shifter	1
22-21	I _ •	1	22-96	Lavara Obition	
	Brg.,	1 .	11		
22-23	Gear, Drive Shalt Feed	1	22-97	Knob	1
22-24	Washer	1	22-98	Sleeve]]
22-25	Nut	1	22-99	Spring (Cut to Suit)	1
'22-26	Pin, Cotter	.1	22-100	Plunger .	1
22-27	Pin, Cotter	9	22-101	Handle, Feed Rev	1
22-29	Pin, Link	4	22-102	Shaft, Shifter.	1
22-30	Lever, Switch Control	.1	22-103	Screw	2
22-32	Screw, Set	2	22-104	Screw	1
22-33	Screw	1 1	22-105	Clamp, Brg	2
22-34	Screw, Set	4	22-106	Pin, Draw	3
22-35		2	22-107	Oilier	
22-36	l '	2	22-107		1
	Screw, Set	4	H	Pipe, Plug	1 '
22-37	Gear, Switch Control]	22-109	Screw .	2
22-39	Rod, Control	1	22-110	Plug	4
22-40	Spacer	1	22-111	Link	1
22-41	Collar, Brg	1	22-112	Cover. Switch	1
22-42	Sleeve, Drive Shaft	1	22-113	Plug, Shoulder	1
22-43	Brg., Ball Duplex		1	22-114 Oilier	
22-44	Shaft, Feed Drive (Spec. Bed Length)	1	22-115	Rod, Feed (Spec. Bed Length)	1
22-45	l = . =	1	22-116	Stud, Brkt., Swivel (W O Apron Control)	1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		H	Stud, Bikt., Swiver (W O Apron Control)	1
22-46	Cover, Brg	1 '	22-117	Stud, Brkt., Swivel (W Apron Control)	1 1
22-47	Key	3	22-118	Bracket, Drive Shaft Support	1
22-48	Stud, Idler	1	22-119	Bracket, Trav. Unit	1
22-49	Collar	1	22-120	Box, Back	1
22-50	Washer	1	22-121	Plug	2
22-51	Screw, -Hex. Hd. Cap	1	22-122	Brkt., Drive Shaft End	1
22-52	Brg.,	2	22-123	Lug, Stop Collar	1
22-53	Pinion, Feed Drive	1	22-124	Collar, Stop	1
22-54	Seal, Oil	1	22-125	Collar, Soft	2
22-55	Brkt., Bottom Bed Feed	Ιi	22-126	Brkt., Lower	l 1
22-56	Plate, Top Bed Brkt	Ιi	22-127	Handle, Upper Nut	l i
22-57	Brkt., Top Bed Feed	'1	22-127	Nut, Upper Half	1
		.'	11	1	1
22-58		1 .	22-129	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'
22-59	Brg	1	22-130	Stud, Nut Swivel	
22-60	Race, Brg	1	22-131	Rod, Upper Control (Spec. Bed Length)	1 1
	Race, Brg	1	22-132	Cover, Slip Gear	1
22-61		1	22-133	Screws, Binding Hd	6
22-61 22-62	Pilot, Brg. Guide		11 00 40 4	Screws, Binding Hd	1
22-61	Pilot, Brg. Guide Brg., Needle Orange	1	22-134	Ocicws, Biraing ria	1
22-61 22-62	, · · ·	1	22-134	Octows, Diriding Fid.	
22-61 22-62 22-63	Brg., Needle Orange	1	22-134		1
22-61 22-62 22-63 2 22-64	Brg., Needle Orange		22-135	Screw, Binding Hd	1 1
22-61 22-62 22-63 2 22-64 22-65	Pin, Straight	1 1	22-135 22-136	Screw, Binding Hd	1
22-61 22-62 22-63 2 22-64 22-65 22-66	Pin, Straight	1 1 1	22-135 22-136 22-137	Screw, Binding Hd	1 1 1 1 1
22-61 22-62 22-63 2 22-64 22-65 22-66 22-67	Pin, Straight	1 1 1 2	22-135 22-136 22-137 22-138	Screw, Binding Hd	1
22-61 22-62 22-63 2 22-64 22-65 22-66	Pin, Straight	1 1 1	22-135 22-136 22-137	Screw, Binding Hd	1

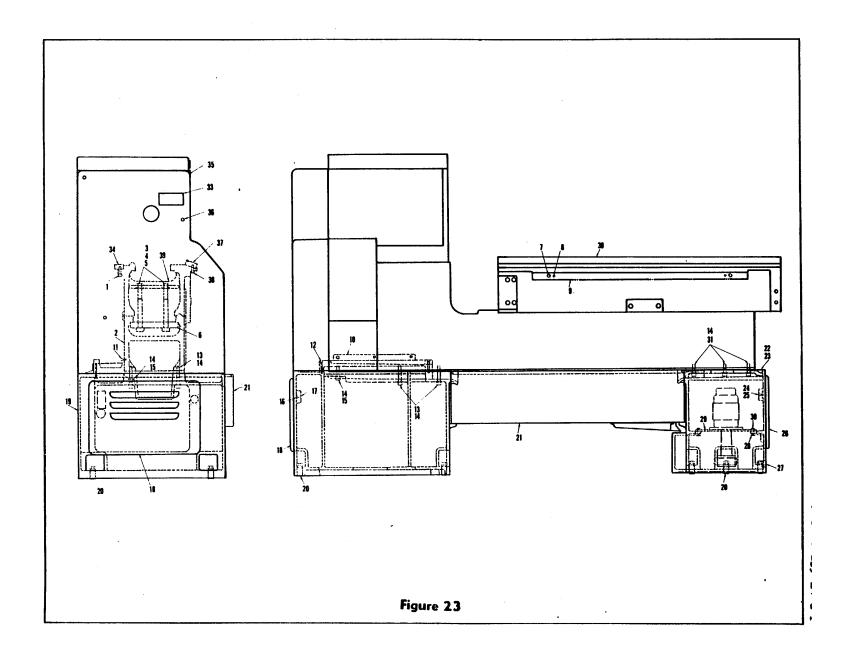






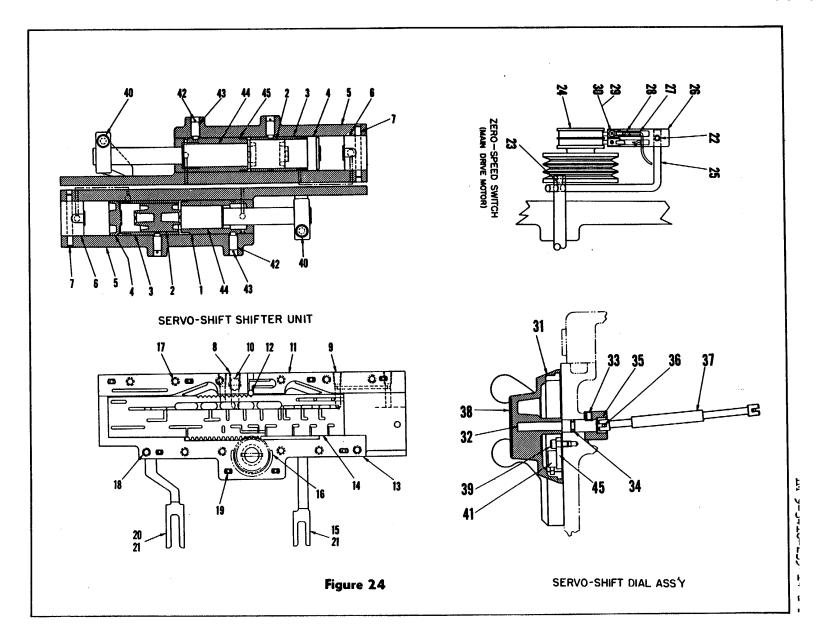
Sheet 2 of 3

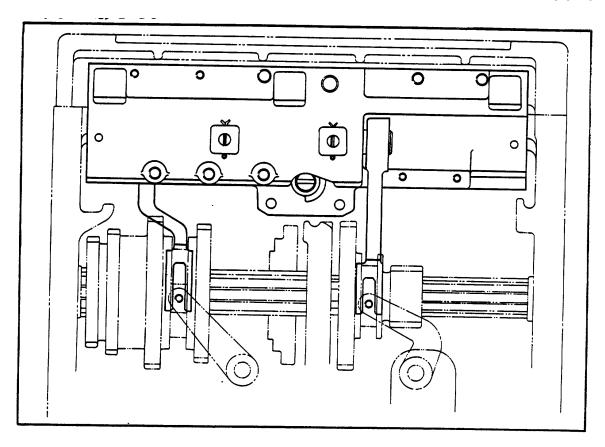




BED, PAN, LEGS & HEAD END COVER SLIDING BED GAP LATHES

I .					
23- 1	Screw, (S. B.G Specify Bed Length)	Var. No	23-20	Screw, Leveling	4
23- 2	Bed, Bottom (S. B.G Specify Length)	1	23-21	Pan, (Specify Center Capacity)	1
23- 2A	Bed, (P. G.G Specify Length) Not Shown	1	23-22	Leg, Tail End Cabinet.	1
23- 3	Bolt, S.B.G	Var .No	23-23	Screw	4
23- 4	Nut, S.B.G	Var. No	23-24	Magnet, Alnico	1
23- 5	Washer, S. B. G	Var. No	23-25	Screw, Brass Machine Flat Head	1
23- 6	Clamp, S. B. G	Var. No	23-26	Door	1
23- 7	Screw	Var. No	23-27	Plug, Pipe	1
23- 8	Pin, Taper	Var. No	23-28	Clamp, Pump Plate	2
23- 9	Rack, Specify Center Capacity	1	23-29	Plate, Pump 1	
23-10	Cover, Head End Leg	1	23-30	Screw, Hex Head Cap	2
23-11	Screw	3	23-31	Screw	3
23-12	Screw	2	23-32	Block, Gap (P. B.G. only) Not Shown	1
23-13	Screw	3	23-33	Oiling Instruction Plate	1
23-14	Washer	7	23-34	Shear, Rear (Specify Center Capacity)	1
23-15	Screw .	1	23-35	Cover, Feed Gear	1
23-16	Magnet, Alnico Carboloy	1	23-36	Screw, Socket Head Cap	3
23-17	Screw, Brass Machine Flat Head	1	23-37	Shear, Front (Specify Center Capacity)	1
23-18	Door	1	23-38	Screw, (S. B. G Specify Bed Length)	Var
23-19	Leg, Head End Cabinet	1	23-39	Bed, Top (S. B.G Specify Length)	1

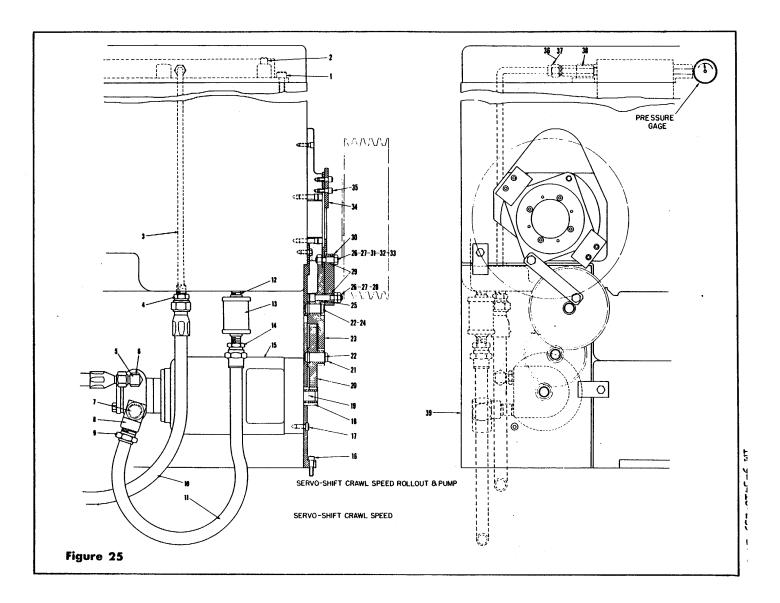




SERVO-SHIFT ZERO-SPEED SWITCH, SHIFTER UNIT, DIAL ASSEMBLY

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
24- 1 24- 2 24- 3 24- 4 24- 5 24- 6 24- 7 24- 8 24- 9 24-10 24-11 24-12 24-13 24-14	Part Name Sleeve Piston, Long Liner. Piston, Short Cylinder Retainer Pin, Oversize Dowel Plug, Pipe Plug, Pipe Plug, Pipe Spacer, Upper Cylinder Roller, Detent Spacer, Lower Cylinder. Slide, Valve Fork, C Cylinder.	Qty. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24-24 24-25 24-26 24-27 24-28 24-29 24-30 24-31 24-32 24-33 24-34 24-35 24-36 24-37 24-38	Part Name Switch, Zero Speed	Qty. 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24-13 24-16 24-17 24-18 24-19 24-20 24-21 24-22 24-23	Pinion, Valve Slide (With Pin) Screw, Socket Cap Screw, Socket Cap Pin, Straight Fork, B Cylinder Screw, Socket Cap. Setscrew Setscrew Setscrew	1 6 6 2 1 2 1	24-36 24-39 24-40 24-41 24-42 24-43 24-44 24-45	Screw Screw Micro-Switch Pin, Cotter Pin, Locating Piston, Rod Bracket, Switch	1 2 1 2 2 1 1 1

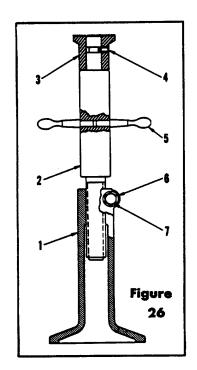
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SERVO-SHIFT CRAWL SPEED ROLLOUT

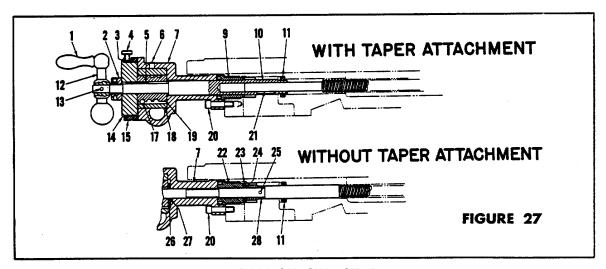
LANDSCAPE 2 COL.

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
25- 1 25- 2 25- 3 25- 4 25- 5 25- 6 25- 7 25- 8 25- 9 25-10 25-11 24-12 25-13 25-14 25-15 25-16 25-17 25-18	Screw, Socket Cap	4	25-21 25-22 25-22 25-23 25-24 25-25 25-27 25-28 25-29 25-30 25-31 25-32 25-33 25-34 25-35 25-36 25-37 25-38	Stud. Ring, Snap Gear, Crank Drive Stud. Bushing Nut, Jam Screw, Socket Cap Bushing Arm, Crank Screw, Hex Head 1 Nut, Hex Lockwasher Plate, Brake Retainer Screw, Socket Cap Nut, Hyd Sleeve, Hyd Coupling, Extra Long.	1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1
25-18 25-19 25-20	Pinion, Motor Pin, Roll Gear, Cluster	1 1 1	25-38 25-39	Coupling, Extra Long	1



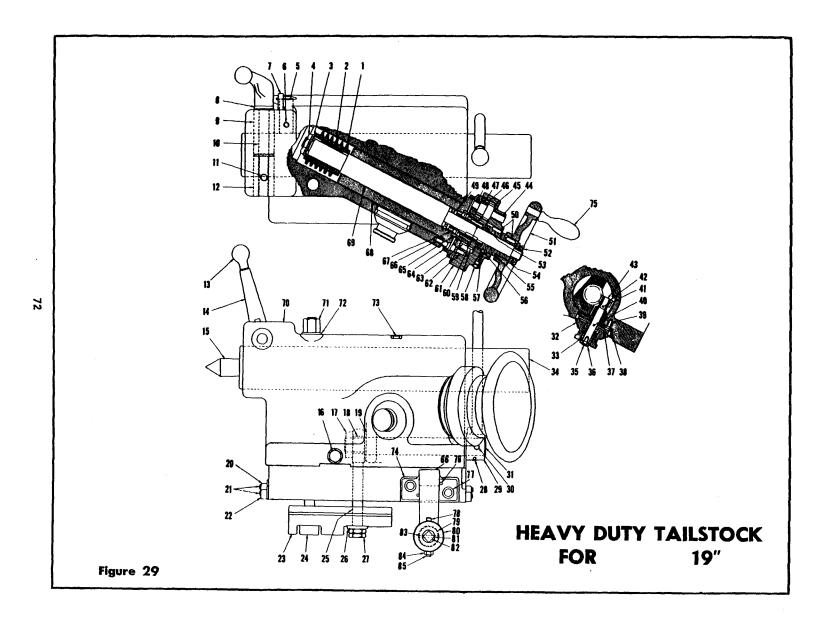
BED JACK UNIT Sliding Bed Gap Lathe Only

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
26-1 26-2 26-3 26-4 26-5 26-6 26-7	Jack Base Jack Screw Jack Screw Cap Set Screw Ball Handle Washer Screw	1 1 1 1 2 1



BALL CHASING STOP

Key No.	Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty.
27-1	Ball Handle	1	27-15	Collar, Graduated	1
27-2	Nut	1			
27-3	Plug	1	27-17	Ball	1
27-4	Screw	1	27-18	Bushing, Cross Stop Friction	1
27-5	Key	1	27-19	Bushing, Cross Stop	1
27-6	Oilier	1	27-20	Screw	1
27-7	Bushing, Cross Feed	1	27-21	Key	1
			27-22	Sleeve - Adapter	1
27-9	Sleeve, Adapter	1	27-23	Bearing, Thrust	1
27-10	Sleeve, Cross Feed Pinion	1	27-24	Pilot, Bearing	1
27-11	Seal, Clipper	1 1	27-25	Pin	1
27-12	Handle, Crank	1	27-26	Bearing, Thrust	1
27-13	Pin	1	27-27	Pilot, Bearing	1
27-14	Hub, Graduated Collar	1	27-28	Pinion	1



HEAVY DUTY TAILSTOCK FOR 19"

Key No.		Part Name	Qty.	Key No.	Part Name	Qty
29-1	Worm		1	29-43	Shaft	1
29-2	Key		1	29 -44	Bearing	1
29-3	Washer		1	29-45	Caar	4
			•			
29-4	Nut		1	29-46	Gear	
29-5	Plug		1	29-47	Pin	
29-6	Screw		3	29-48	Bearing	
29-7	Pin		1	29-49	Bearing	1
29-8	Washer		1	29-50	Key	2
29-9	Bushing		1	29-51	Handwheel	1
29-10	Stud		1	29-52	Washer & Nut	۱ ،
29-11	Screw		1	29 -53	Bushing	1
29-12	Bushing		1	29 -54	Callan	4
29-12	9		2	29-55	Duch	1
	Ball					
29-14	Handle		1	29 -56	Ball	_
29-15	Center		1	29-57	Spring 1	1
29-16	Screw		2	29-58	Screw	2
29-17	Screw		1	29-59	Gear	1
29-17A	Nut		1	29-60	Key	2
29-18	Bearing		1	29-61	Carrier	1
29-19	Spacer		i 1	29-62	Screw	4
29-20	Wiper		2	29-63	0	
29-21	Screw		4	29-64	Plate	1
29-22	Wiper		2	29-65	Clutch	
29-23	Clamp		1	29-66	Bracket	1
29-24	Bolt		1	29-67	Screw	4
29-25	Eyebolt		1	29-68	Bushing	1
29-26	Washer		1	29-69	Shaft	1
29-27	Nut		2	29-70	Top	1
29-28	Screw		1	29-71	NI. is	
29-29	Handle		1	29-72	Machar	1
			1			
29-30	Pin		1	29-73	Oilers	
29-31	Shaft		1	29-74	Bottom	
29-32	Dial		1	29-75	Handle	1
29-33	Spring		1	29-76	Pin	2
29-34	Spindle		1	29-77	Screw	2
29-35	Screw		1	29-78	Oilier	1
29-36	Washer		i 1	29-79	Bushing	4
29-37	Clutch		1	29-80	Caller	
			1			
29-38	Bushing		•	29-81	Pinion	
29-39	Screw		3	29-82	Crank	1
29-40	Pin		1	29-83	Pin	
29-41	Pin		1	29-84	Nut	1
29-42	Worm		1	29-85	Screw	1

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

E. C. MEYER General United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

J. C. PENNINGTON Major General, United States Army The Adjutant General

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